MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27, 1860. NUMBER 36.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....H. M. BRIGHTMAN

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1860.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart	Arrive.	Mails Close.
7:30 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	4:00 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.

7:15 A. M.	12:35 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
4:35 P. M.	9:50 P. M.	9:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

8:45 A. M.	10:50 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	4:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

7:35 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:30 P. M.	1:15 P. M.	3:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE

9:00 P. M.	2:30 A. M.	

†Except Saturday.
‡(Except Sunday) to all points. §(Except Saturday) to Horicon, Berlin, Kilbourn City, Fox Lake, Fond du Lac and Oconomowoc, only. ¶All points. ‖Waukesha, Whitewater, Janesville and Madison.

News Digest.

GEO. L. STEARNS, Chairman of the Massachusetts State Kansas Committee, appeared before the Senate Harper's Ferry Investigating Committee on Saturday. No new facts were elicited.

A brother of Mr. KEITT, the M. C. from South Carolina, has been murdered by his slaves.

We have accounts of destructive fires at Salem and Holton, Ind., and Geneva, N. Y.

Judge Larrabee at Madison.

The *News* of Saturday, in the course of some remarks upon the proceedings of the late Democratic State Convention, says:

> The editor of the *Sentinel*, who was at the Capital has given a very fair account of the proceedings which actually transpired in the convention, but has fallen into some errors in regard to other matters, concerning which he must have derived his knowledge from common rumor. His statement in regard to Judge Larrabee is wholly erroneous. Judge Larrabee did not come home for the purpose of soliciting an election to the Charleston Convention. He was urged to allow his name to be presented to the convention, but declined on the ground that there were several gentlemen of undoubted capacity, whose views were in strict harmony with his own, who desired the position.

It is quite probable that Judge LARRABEE is indebted to some over-zealous friends for the seemingly false position in which he was placed at Madison; and that "common rumor" was at fault in announcing his name as a candidate for the Charleston Convention.—We believe that Judge LARRABEE's main object, in coming home to attend the State Convention, was to block the game of the handful of BUCHANAN men in this State, who, by the aid of Deputy Postmasters, U. S. Marshals, Special Mail Agents, Census-takers, &c. &c., hoped so far to control the proceedings of the Convention, as to prevent the passage of any resolutions, instructing the Charleston Delegates to vote for DOUGLAS. No doubt Mr. LARRABEE would have accepted the appointment of Delegate himself, if voluntarily tendered to him; but, as the *News* says, he was unwilling to stand in the way of several personal friends in his own District, who were ambitious of that honor.

POST-OFFICE CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NATIONAL MONUMENT.—During the autumn of '59 the Postmasters throughout the United States were requested to put up boxes, within their respective offices, in order to afford the citizens in every part of the country an opportunity, at any time, to make voluntary contributions for the completion of the Washington Monument. The plan has been in operation about four months, and returns have come in from 841 places. The aggregate amount received is $2,240,31. Nearly 28,000 places have not been heard from at all.

To keep the work in fair progress forty-five thousand dollars a year would suffice, which would require an average return of $150 a year, or 12 1-2 cents a month from each town.

The *National Intelligencer*, of February 16, contains a list of all the towns heard from, with the amounts received. The following are the receipts from Wisconsin:

Beaver Dam	$1,00
Burlington	50
Caseville	1,50
Concord	3,00
Dartford	1,00
East Troy	25
Tunnel City	10
Janesville	55
Johnson's Centre	1,25
Manitowoc	11
Milwaukee	11,00
Mazeppa	3,00
Minot	80
Oak Grove	20
Portage City	1,00
Racine	18
Rochester	1,00
Rock City	15
Shullsburg	15
Sinsinawa Mound	50
Waukau	50

GIVING THEM RATS!—When CHARLES DICKENS, on his return to Europe, after having experienced the generous hospitality of the Americans, wrote his American notes, a great outcry was raised against him for his ingratitude in caricaturing a people from whom he had received so many civilities.—This outcry was just in some instances.—Among the statements of the redoubtable "Boz," which gave offence, was his mention of a man who had been locked up for drunkenness in the guard-house, and who was found dead the next morning, and his face partially eaten by rats. It is not many weeks since, however, that a similar instance occurred in this same city of New York. A man was picked up in the streets, in a state of insensibility, and conveyed to the nearest station-house. No examination was made into the unfortunate man's condition. That he was insensible was sufficient to enable the Dogberries who "comprehended the vagrom man" to arrive at the conclusion that he was drunk—dead drunk; for with them drunkenness and insensibility seem to be convertible terms. Whether personal experience had anything to do with the process of ratiocination by which they arrived at this sage conclusion, we are unable to say. Certain it is, the man was locked up for the night. But, lo! next morning the man was dead, and *his face was found to have been partially devoured by rats*. It was subsequently discovered that the man was not drunk at all when taken in charge, but was laboring under an epileptic, or some other fit, to which he was subject. Had medical aid been at hand, the man might have recovered and lived to continue the support of his family.

MISS SUSAN E. WHITE, of Bristol, Maine, while skating a few weeks since, accidentally fell, striking her head with great force on the ice. She was taken up insensible, but soon revived; she complained, however, of severe pains in the head, and soon afterwards became delirious, in which state she continued until her death. She was about sixteen years of age.

IT APPEARS from the Chicago *Democrat* that the "O'CONNELL Neice story" was a humbug. No such relation of the great "agitator" living in Chicago.

FIRE.—We regret to learn, that the residence of Wm. H. Brisbane, of Arena, was totally destroyed by fire a few days since, together with his furniture, which was boxed ready for removal. The many old friends of Dr. Brisbane in this city, where he formerly resided, will sincerely sympathize with him in his misfortune.—*Madison Patriot, 23d.*

THE CIRCULATION OF COPPER CENTS.—Petitions, of which the following is a copy, are in circulation in Boston, and are receiving numerous signatures from the business men of the community, and indeed from all classes:

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

Respectfully represent the undersigned citizens of, and persons engaged in business in, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, that great inconvenience and loss arise from the fact that a large number of *Copper Cents* are in circulation. This coin is not needed for the business of the community, and yet payments are frequently made in it, to the serious prejudice and injury of those persons who in the ordinary transactions of business, are compelled to receive it.

Your petitioners therefore respectfully ask that means may be taken by the Government for the withdrawal of the coin in question from circulation.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—On the 3d instant, JACOB HAGUE, a young German, met with a shocking accident at one of the ore banks, near Marietta, Pa. The Wrightsville *Star* says:

The unfortunate man, in attempting to oil the machinery, slipped, and his foot was caught between the wheels, by which his entire leg was drawn in and crushed up to the body, and in throwing out his hand, it too was caught and mangled in a dreadful manner. Our informant states that when the crushed leg was drawn in up to the knee-joint, the force and resistance was so great as to break the wheel. The unfortunate man sat there, thus mutilated, alone and in the cold, from five to six o'clock, when the other workmen arrived at the pit and extricated him from his dreadful situation. There is no hope of his surviving, and when told so he gave directions in regard to his burial a tombstone, and the division of his worldly property, part of which consists of some $1,200 in money, among his friends in Germany.

LETTER FROM HEENAN'S AGENT IN ENGLAND.—We find the following in *Wilkes' Spirit* for this week:

"Heenan is very well. The weather now, for a day or two, has been very cold; before that it rained every day. After stopping almost entirely unknown in London a week, we started for this place, where we hired an old farm-house, with a very fine barn attached, brought a middle-aged woman from London, and are now keeping bachelor's hall, living very comfortably in one of the most healthy and romantic localities in England, directly in the rear of the celebrated Cathedral, and about half a mile from the city or town of Salisbury. We live very secluded, have no visitors whatever, and shall most probably stay here until shortly before the 16th of April next. Yours truly,

FRED. FALKLAND.

P. S. In spite of everything that you hear and read, Sayers is actually the favorite in London at 6 to 4, and in some cases even at 2 to 1.

A SUCCESSFUL competitor at a skate race, a few days since, returned thanks in the following apt and expressive terms, "Gentlemen, I have won this cup by the use of my legs; I trust I may never lose the use of my legs by the use of this cup."

THE CITY.

A WORD TO "THE NEW HAND AT THE BELLOWS!"—Squibob the second may pooch on our manor as much as he pleases, but when he poaches on that of "JOHN PHOENIX," or any other standard author, we have a right to complain, especially if he persistently tells people that the stolen article belongs to himself. The plea of being a "new hand at the bellows" is no excuse for plagiarism. If our friend shows such a decided predelection to appropriate other people's goods, while he is a "new hand," what may we expect when he becomes experienced?

Our friend throws out the following mouthful of sarcasm at us:

"If our cotemporary's nose is as good for smelling out game, as it is for smelling out analogies, we would like to go out hunting with him; he would make an almost invaluable setter—provided the readiness of his scent, did not sometimes lead him from true game, in pursuit of animals less useful and more oderiferous.

To which we can only say—we would much prefer to hunt *with* him, than *after* him, when there is a hat in the question; for we have come to the ultimate conclusion that he has a natural failing of *always being out* when most wanted.

We are happy to hear that "Squibob" No. 2 has obtained a copy of Phœnixians for his office. The next excerpt will be apt to be more correct. In conclusion, we frankly admit that it is a breach of editorial courtesy to mention a cotemporary's name, if the said cotemporary is ashamed of it! But that we didn't know.

PARTICULARS OF THE FIRE ON FRIDAY NIGHT.—We have not as yet heard the origin of the disastrous fire on Friday evening. Various conjectures were afloat all day Saturday, but it was utterly impossible to arrive at the truth. The fire, when discovered, had been burning for some time and the building being fire proof, it was confined entirely to the interior. Messrs. WISE & Co., wholesale grocers, who occupied the building, had a large stock on hand, and losing mostly of combustible matter, by the time the firemen got the water on, the flames inside the walls raged with the fury of a furnace. The building, with all its contents, (with the exception of the safe) was consumed.

The estimated loss is from $20,000 to $25,000, upon which there was insurance as follows:

ON THE BUILDING.

Germania	$3,000
Howard	3,000
United States	3,000

ON THE STOCK.

Liverpool and London Co	$5,000
Lamar	2,500
Resolute	2,500
Home	2,500
Rhine	2,500
Germania	2,000

The adjoining store, occupied by M. DUECKERT & Co. as a hardware store, was damaged to some extent by the heat and the falling walls. DUECKERT & Co. are fully insured.

OUR CHIEF ENGINEER.—The Chief Engineer of our Milwaukee Fire Department, TOM EVISTON, very fully justified, at the fire on Friday night, the good opinions of those friends whose votes elected him to office.—Among the first on the ground, after the alarm was given, and the last to leave it, he directed the operations of the Department with excellent judgment, and himself led the way to the lofty roof of the building adjoining the burning store, whence the water could be thrown upon the fire to the best advantage. It took four hours' hard work to extinguish the flames, and during all that time our gallant Chief never flinched from his post or shirked his duty. We think that he has fairly earned the compliment of a re-election.

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—By reference to an advertisement in to-day's *Sentinel*, it will be seen that the Ohio Mill Company offer their saw mill, together with all the improvements, at La Crosse, in this State, for sale at public auction. This is a rare opportunity to make a profitable investment. The sale takes place on the 15th of March next.

MR. ——, one of the Editors of the *Democrat*, returns thanks to certain members of the Fire Department for their exertion in extinguishing what would have been a disastrous fire for him, but for their efforts.

ON AND AFTER TO-DAY an additional train will be put upon the Milwaukee & Chicago Railroad, leaving the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, at 7:20 A. M.

LECTURE.—GEORGE D. PRENTICE lectured on Saturday evening to a "moderate" audience at Albany Hall, on *American Statesmanship*. To say that it was an able and even brilliant effort, would be but partial justice. It was, like all of PRENTICE's efforts, a literary production of great power, in which every phrase embodied an idea, and each idea was clearly, pointedly, and often beautifully expressed.

He defined Statesmanship, and showed that true Statesmanship could not exist without Patriotism and Integrity. The scathing review of *our* Statesmanship—the merciless exposure of chicanery and fraud and ambition—the satirrical analysis of our politicians, and the keen wit which ever and anon flashed out when least expected, made one of the most interesting lectures we ever listened to. GEORGE D. PRENTICE may be ranked among the foremost of our men who not only do their own thinking, but express their thoughts boldly and beautifully.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, DEP'T OF FINANCE.
MILWAUKEE, Feb. 22, 1860.

To the Joint Committee of Finance of the Board of Aldermen and Councilors of the City of Milwaukee:

GENTS.—The citizens of the Ninth Ward, at a Democratic meeting held February 17, gave me a vote of want of confidence for the following reasons, as they have stated them through the public press:

First.—Because they have been informed that there was a deficiency in the City Treasury at the time when I entered upon the duties of my office, of which I had full knowledge, and that I gave no notice of its existence to any of the officers of the city.

Second.—Because they certainly know, from undisputed authority, that I refused admittance to your Investigating Committee during the term of four weeks, to the books of this office, and denied to them all assistance or information.

As I do not like to be attacked by persons who have no desire to inform themselves as to the correctness of their charges, or are influenced by parties who wish for selfish purposes to defame my character, I most respectfully ask your committee to say whether any of the above charges are true.

Being members of the Common Council of the city of Milwaukee, you must know, or can inform yourselves by the city records, as to the correctness of the first charge.

Being members of the Investigating Committee appointed by that body, you certainly can give information as to the second charge.

Now, as I wish you to state the truth, so as to give me an opportunity to hurl back those charges on the heads of the parties who produced them, and to stamp them as slanderers, I hope you will comply with my request.

As I am anxious for a timely reply, you will oblige me by giving the matter your attention. I remain, gents,

Yours, very respectfully,
MORITZ VON BAUMBACH.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—Our attention has been called to a notice in some of the German papers of a meeting of the Democratic citizens of the Ninth Ward, in which they give Mr. BAUMBACH a vote of want of confidence for reasons that he entered upon the duties of his office, knowing that Mr. SCHWARTING was a defaulter, without giving notice to the proper officers of that fact, and that he refused admittance to the investigating committee for the term of four weeks, and withheld all information from them.

In justice to Mr. BAUMBACH, we feel it our duty to state that these charges are entirely false; that on the contrary, Mr. BAUMBACH informed the committee of the deficit at its first meeting, and that from that time to the close of their investigation, the committee has had access to all the books and papers in his office, and that Mr. BAUMBACH has materially assisted the committee in its labors, and has freely given all the explanations required of him by them, and furthermore, that the fact of Mr. BAUMBACH giving notice of the deficit, led to the appointment of the investigating committee.

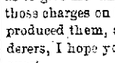
JOHN H. TESCH,
WM. A. NOYES,
GEO. G. DOUSMAN,
Investigating Committee.

Milwaukee, Feb. 23, 1860.

"NEW BOOKS JUST RECEIVED."—Michelet's new book, "*Woman*," sequel to "L'Amour;" Atlantic Monthly for March; Harper's Magazine for March; Godey's Magazine for March; Peterson's Mag. for March; Ballou's Mag. for March; "Helper's Impending Crisis" of the South. Everything in the book and periodical line that is new, is kept constantly on hand at 25 Wisconsin street.

oct27'1858dly W. E. TUNIS & CO.

REUNION.



MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 13th, 1860. feb13j2171dtf

EDWARD P. ALLIS,
LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

HOUSES TO RENT.

☞ PERSONS HAVING HOUSES TO RENT on or before 1st of May, will find good tenants by leaving a description at my office.

feb9j209dtf EWD. P. ALLIS.

School, University and Swamp Lands.

☞ THE INTEREST FOR 1860, ON THE above Lands is now due and must be paid before March 1st. The undersigned has made arrangements to attend to these payments. EWD. P. ALLIS,
feb9j203d8w Under State Bank.

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14'1857dtf-1stpp A. WELLER' Agent.

☞ SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance
SMITH & STONE, Publishers dtf

☞ TO MERCHANTS.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Graysville, Calumet Co., J. N. STONE Editor and Proprietor.

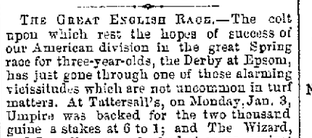
☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 134 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis my82dly

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Luddington's Block.
jan21j238dly

J. L. McVICKAR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN LUMBER.
Office Corner of Reed and South Water sts.

JOIST, TIMBER AND DIMENSION Lumber cut to order. Country Dealers and Builders are solicited to give us a call before purchasing, as our facilities for cutting lumber are unequalled, and by ordering of us they can have lumber sawed to suit their orders. Railroad Companies furnished with Railroad ties and Bridge timber at low figures. J. L. McVICKAR & CO.
feb9j21dly-1stpp

SILVER PLATED SHOW CASES,
WHITE METAL SHOW CASES,
BRASS SHOW CASES,
WOOD SHOW CASES,
IRON SHOW CASES.



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MANUFACTURE ALL THE ABOVE varieties of Show Cases, and call especial attention to the entirely new article mentioned by no other concern in the United States, of

IRON SHOW CASES,

which, for beauty, durability and cheapness, are unsurpassed. They also manufacture *every other description* of Show Cases, which they guarantee for workmanship, finish and cheapness, to be unequalled.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

☞ A large assortment of ready made Show Cases always on hand.
feb24j264d3mo

Valuable Hard Wood, Timber,
AND MILL SITES FOR SALE,

I HAVE FOR SALE, ON THE KICKAPOO river, in Crawford county, Wis., 3,000 acres of valuable Hard Wood Timber Lands, together with a Mill Site, near the mouth of said river, and within one mile of the track of the Mil. & Miss. R. R. The Hard Wood is of the best quality and comprises all the varieties that are common to this section of country. Plats can be easily obtained either from the Wisconsin river or the upper waters of the Kickapoo.

It is a point specially adapted to the manufacture of all descriptions of wooden ware, or to any business that requires a large quantity of pine and hard wood timber. Manufactured articles could be sent away either by water or by rail. The property will be sold at a reasonable price and on favorable terms.

For further information apply to Mr. RALPH SMITH, who resides at Wauzeka Station, 14 miles east of Prairie du Chien, or to the subscriber, at Mineral Point, Wis.

CYRUS WOODMAN.
jan3j185d3mwmiaw

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

A GREAT CHANCE TO GET A STOCK of Books, Stationery, a few Dry Goods, Watches, Jewelry, &c., &c., cheap. Store to rent. Fifty-five hundred dollars worth of said goods, which the owner will exchange for a small house and lot in the city, or a farm within three or four miles of the city. The Books are valuable and command the cash.
jan5 CALEB WALL.

DIARIES FOR 1860.

WE HAVE ON HAND FOUR DOZEN of different varieties of Diaries for 1860, which we will sell lower than first cost. Those not supplied would do well to call soon.
jan NOONAN & McNAB.

SILVER PLATED SHOW CASES,
WHITE METAL SHOW CASES,
BRASS SHOW CASES,
WOOD SHOW CASES,
IRON SHOW CASES.

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feb24j264d3mo

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS, FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Senate Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24—3 P. M.

George L. Stearns, of Boston, was before the Senate Investigating Committee to-day. He testified that he was made Chairman of the State Kansas Com. of Massachusetts, who took the place of the Boston Committee, and continued the work throughout the State, including August and December of that year, and raised $47,000.

In the same State, his wife commenced the formation of socities for contributing clothing, which resulted in sending some $20,000 or $30,000 more in supplies of various kinds.

In January 1857, the work was stopped by advices from Kansas, that no more contributions were needed except defence. If it had not been thus stopped, the arrangements would have enabled the collection of $100,000, in the next six months.

Soon after the State Committee commenced the work, in August, 1858, a messenger from Kansas, who came through Iowa, for the Missouri river was closed to all Free State travelers, asked earnestly for arms and amunition for the defence of the Free State party.

Subsequently, in 1857, they authorized Brown to sell 100 rifles off expeditiously, and voted $300 more if necessary, to enable him to go to Kansas with his armament—about this, and his representing that the force organized in Kansas, ought to be provided with revolvers, witness authorized them to purchase 200 from the Massachusetts Arms Co. When they were delivered in Iowa, witness paid them out of his own funds, $1,300.—At the same time he gave Brown by letter of credit, authority, to draw on him at sight for $7,000, in sums as might be wanted for the subsistence of 100 men, provided it should be necessary at any time to call them into the field for active service in defence of Kansas in 1857. As the exigency contemplated did not occur, no money was drawn for it, and the letter was withdrawn.

The Com. next day voted to send 200 Sharp's rifles, carbines and ammunition, which were sent to the Kansas National Com. at Chicago, to be forwarded through Iowa to Kansas. From some unexpected cause these arms were delayed in Iowa. In November or December they sent an agent to Iowa at our charge, to take them as our property. In Jan. 1858, Brown, of whom we had heard but had not seen, came to Boston and I was introduced to him. After repeated conferences with him, being strongly impressed with his sagacity, courage and strong integrity, the witness, through a note of the Com., made him an agent to receive and hold these arms and ammunition for the defence of Kansas, appropriating $500 to pay his expenses.

Should think it might amount to $1,500 or $2,000. About May 1858, witness saw a letter from Senator Wilson to Dr. Howe, also one or two from Col. Forbes; never heard of Forbs till he saw his letter, which was so coarse and insulting in language, and so incorrect in ascribing to others what witness had done, that witness concluded that he wanted to extort money, but at Dr. Howe's request, witness wrote to Brown dated May 14, 1858, of which the committee have a copy sent by Dr. Howe.

In addition, witness raised money and sent an agent to Kansas to assist the free State party in the Lecompton election, and again in the election of 1858; did not know of the Harper's Ferry raid; if he had, should not have approved of it. He knew of Brown's purpose to free slaves, and supposed he would do so at every chance, from the course he pursued. Saw Brown in Boston several times, once at Dr. Howe's office, and once at a club dinner in the Parker House. Did not know if Brown dined there. Mr. Brown went in after dinner was over, and remained about twenty minutes. Saw F. W. Bird and Dr. Howe there, and others; he did not know them and cannot now recollect. The club had no particular name, but went under the name of Bird's dinners. The Parker House is the best house in town for dinners. In answer to Senator Davis, witness said he had not corresponded with him since May, 1859, and had not seen and never corresponded with John Brown, Jr., in Missouri.

In the summer of 1857 he contributed with others, $1000 to purchase an addition to the farm then and now occupied by Brown's family at North Elba. The money was forwarded by his agent for that purpose, and satisfactory evidence given of a proper conveyance of the land to the family of Brown. Witness' contribution to that fund was $250, as appears by the subscription paper. Besides these transactions, which were for specific purposes, witness gave Brown money from time to time; how much he did not know; never kept any account of personal expenses or money given to others; was all charged to his personal account.

Destructive Fires.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 25—8 P. M.

The carriage and plow factory of Platt, Martin & Lorden, together with the private residence of Mr. Platt, at Salem, Ind., burned Wednesday. Loss $80,000; insured for $8,400.

The stores of J. & H. Hates, Geo. Cowen, and Wm. Harrel; at Holton, ind., together with the depot and three or four cars of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday. Loss $20,000.

GENEVA, Feb. 24—8 P. M.

The White Spring Mills, owned by Jas. O. Sheldon, together with a barn and miller's dwelling, 205 sheep, grain, flour, &c., were entirely consumed by fire last night. Loss $20,000; insured for $10,500.

Murder of a Brother of Mr. Keitt.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25—8 P. M.

Mr. Keitt, a member from S. C., received a despatch yesterday, announcing that his elder brother, a physician, residing at Pillatka, had been murdered in his bed, by some of his negroes, who almost severed his head from his body. He was, at the time, confined to his bed by illness.

The Shoemakers' Strike at Lynn.

BOSTON, Feb. 25—3 P. M.

The Mayor of Lynn has issued a proclamation, stating that the laws will be enforced, and that riotous and tumultuous assemblages will be suppressed, and calling upon the citizens generally to abstain from gathering in crowds and other public demonstrations. Three or four of the rioters were arrested yesterday, and held to bail.

The Hungarian Wreck.

HALIFAX, Feb. 25—3 P. M.

Mitchell's Steam Shipping Journal of Jan. 30th, says the Hungarian had 70 passengers.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, Feb. 29—3 P. M.

SENATE.—Petitions, &c.—Remonstrance against the repeal of the Kilbourn City dam charter; petition of the citizens of Berlin, asking for a division of the first and the creation of a fifth ward in said city; of citizens of Bad Axe Co., asking for creation of eleventh Judicial Circuit.

Resolutions—Of meeting of Fifth Assembly District of Rock co., against the change of county government; resolution introduced yesterday to print 1,000 copies of the memorial of the Commissioners of the Hospital for the Insane, was adopted; joint resolutions relative to Hospital for the Insane, was recommended to the Committee on Benevolent Institutions; to amend chapter 19 of R. S., entitled of highways and bridges; to authorize the Bank of Watertown to reduce its capital stock.

Bills Passed—To amend Sec. 20, Chap. 139 of R. S.; to amend the act extending jurisdiction of County Court of La Crosse Co.; to amend the act authorizing School District No. 5 in the town of Platteville to borrow money; to amend sec. 52, chap. 28 of the R. S.; to amend the Charter of Beaver Dam; to amend the act amending the Charter of Madison; for the relief of the settlers in sec. 16, Town 26, Range 15, in Shawano Co.; authorizing the County Board of Douglas County to lay out State roads; to permit Dodge Co. Bank to reduce its capital; to reduce the capital of the Bank of Manitowoc; authorizing the County Board of St. Croix Co. to lay out a State road; to amend the act authorizing the formation of Town Insurance Cos.; to reduce the capital of the Farmers & Millers Bank of Milwaukee; to incorporate the Eau Claire Manufacturing and Flouring Co.

Adjourned till 3 P. M.

ASSEMBLY.—Petitions, memorials, &c.—Remonstrance against repealing Kilbourn Dam charter—against an amendment to the assessment law so as not to give credit in behalf of certain towns in Milwaukee Co.

Bills Introduced—To facilitate the collection of judgments; also to amend Sec. 1 of the Chapter of the R. S. relating to the Supreme Court; To amend Chap. 95 of R.S. relating to the rights of married women; To amend the assessment law; To amend Chap. 130 R. S., proceedings against debtors by attachment; also to amend Chap. 127 concerning arrest and bail; for a town and school organization for the County of Clark; To repeal the act to divide the town of Shields; concerning warehouse receipts and bills of lading.

The Com. on Claims reported a bill to appropriate $125 to Henry Siefert.

Bills passed—To extend time of collecting taxes in Union, Rock Co. The Senate amendment to the bill changing the time of holding the Dane Co. Court, was concurred in; for the relief of N. B. Langdon and others; to authorize the Bank of Columbus to reduce its capital stock; to amend an act to incorporate the Mutual Life Insurance Co of Madison; to amend sec. 69 and 70, of chap. 18 of the R. S; relating to the assessment and collection of taxes.

Bills Introduced—To authorize the Lumbermen's Bank of Oneida, and the Northern Banks, to reduce their capital stock; to authorize the towns, cities and villages of Dodge Co. to retain license monies in their treasuries; to authorize Portage City to maintain a levee; for the relief of settlers on the northeast quarter of sec. 16 of town —, Shawano Co.; to amend Charter of Appleton; to amend sec. 5 of chap. 181 of the R. S., entitled "of Judgments on Criminal cases, &c."

The House went into committee of the whole. Adjourned. Leave of absence was granted to a large number of members.

From Havana.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 25.—9 P. M.

Advices from Havana City of 20th have been received here. Some excitement exists among the Americans in Havana, in consequence of a Spanish born American citizen having been claimed by the Spanish authorities for military services, and required to furnish a substitute or pay at $1,000 as commutation. Consul Helm had demanded the man's release which was refused. The man was consequently obliged to pay the fine, which he did under protest.

Consul Helm's correspondence with the Cuban authorities has been transmitted to Washington to-day.

The N. O. Picayune of Sunday, says that U. S. marines have been landed, not only at Tampico and Minnehatton, but also at Alvarado, the first place to be attacked for the express purpose of working the artillery recently sent down from the Castle of San Juan.

It is stated that Miramon reached the Natural Bridge on the 8th, on his way to Vera Cruz, where the Liberalists have erected a new strong fort.

The Hungarian's Passengers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25—9 P. M.

The agents of the Grand Trunk Railway line say the following passengers were booked for the Hungarian—the three first in Liverpool and the remainder in Cork:—Hugh McCoffrey, Richard Madden, Wm. Kirby, John Daley, Martin Donnors, Ellen Sheehan, Wm. Vogle, Geo. McDermot, Michael Lacey, Delaney and Richardson and Patrick McGiveren.

It is thought there must be some mistake about the steamer Hungarian having 360 passengers on board when she was lost, as she was never known to carry half that number, nor any of the steamers belonging to the same line that she did.

Supreme Court.

TUESDAY, Feb. 28.

State ex rel. S. D. Carpenter vs. S. D. Hastings, State Treasurer. Affidavit filed and motion for alternative writ of man damus by Smith, Keyes & Gay for Relator. Motion sustained and writ awarded returnable in 20 days, S after service.

State ex rel. T. A. Harney vs. S. D. Hastings. Affidavit filed and motion for alternative was by Smith, Keyes & Gay for Relator.

Elderkin vs. Lee. On motion and affidavits, ordered that the writ of error in this cause be discussed.

State ex rel. Field vs. Saxton. Motion to quash alternative writ filed and argued by H. S. Saunders and H. Crawford for Resp., and J. H. Knowlton for Relator.

Van Ness et al. vs. Corkins. Motion to strike out bill of exceptions by Conger, and Howes for Deft. in error on affidavit on file. Motion argued by Conger and Howes for deft. in error, and J. H. Knowlton for plff. in error and submitted.

Clark vs. Farrington. Argument resumed.

THE GREAT ENGLISH RACE.—The colt upon which rest the hopes of success of our American division in the great Spring race for three-year-olds, the Derby at Epsom, has just gone through one of those alarming vicissitudes which are not uncommon in turf matters. At Tattersall's, on Monday, Jan. 3, Umpire was backed for the two thousand guine a stakes at 6 to 1; and The Wizard, and Lupullus, were backed at evens against the field. On the same day he stood firm for the Derby at 8 to 1, and no more could be got against him. On the following Thursday, the 26th, rumors prevailed on the Corner to the effect that there was something amiss with the horse, and 10 to 1 was laid against him, the latter offering to go on at that price. On the same day, Mainstone, by King Tom, the colt of the veteran Premier, Lord Palmerston, who has a great ambition to win the Derby, was backed at 10 to 1, and he had the call of Umpire, if anything. Even money was laid between them. On Friday, the two recoded another point in the betting. 11 to 1 was taken against Mainstone and offered against Umpire. 500 to 100 was laid against Mainstone and Umpire coupled; and there were offers to back Mainstone, Buccaneer, Thormanby, or The Wizard, against our American colt. It seems to be evident that some parties had undertaken to give Umpire "pepper," probably with a view to drive him back permanently in the betting, and bring some others forward.

While this was going on in London, the American horse held his own, at 10 to 1, at Manchester. On the 27th, and again on the 29th, his price was 10 to 1, while no one would back Mainstone at less than 12 to 1, though he was the favorite in London, which was, of course, well known in Lancashire city. On Monday, Jan. 30, another change in the Derby betting took place at Tattersall's. Mainstone, Thormanby, and The Wizard, had the van, 10 to 1 being offered against each of them. Against Umpire 13 to 1 was at one time offered, but subsequently 10 to 1 was taken to a large amount. It thus appears that, after being temporarily deprived of the pride of place, Umpire has substantially resumed his position as favorite.

Destructive Fires.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 25—8 P. M.

The carriage and plow factory of Platt, Martin & Lorden, together with the private residence of Mr. Platt, at Salem, Ind., burned Wednesday. Loss $80,000; insured for $8,400.

The stores of J. & H. Hates, Geo. Cowen, and Wm. Harrel; at Holton, ind., together with the depot and three or four cars of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday. Loss $20,000.

GENEVA, Feb. 24—8 P. M.

The White Spring Mills, owned by Jas. O. Sheldon, together with a barn and miller's dwelling, 205 sheep, grain, flour, &c., were entirely consumed by fire last night. Loss $20,000; insured for $10,500.

Murder of a Brother of Mr. Keitt.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25—8 P. M.

Mr. Keitt, a member from S. C., received a despatch yesterday, announcing that his elder brother, a physician, residing at Pillatka, had been murdered in his bed, by some of his negroes, who almost severed his head from his body. He was, at the time, confined to his bed by illness.

The Shoemakers' Strike at Lynn.

BOSTON, Feb. 25—3 P. M.

The Mayor of Lynn has issued a proclamation, stating that the laws will be enforced, and that riotous and tumultuous assemblages will be suppressed, and calling upon the citizens generally to abstain from gathering in crowds and other public demonstrations. Three or four of the rioters were arrested yesterday, and held to bail.

The Hungarian Wreck.

HALIFAX, Feb. 25—3 P. M.

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To-Day's Advertisements.

OHIO MILL COMPANY.

Property for Sale at La Crosse.

THE SAW MILL PROPERTY, AND improvements of the Ohio Mill Company at La Crosse, will be offered for sale at Public Auction on the 15th day of March next. The sale will be positive, and without reserve, to close the affairs of said Company. Terms made known on application to
O. S. LOVELL, Cincinnati, Ohio.
February 22, 1860. feb27j97d15t1stpp

City Auction Room.

WAREHOUSE SALE FOR WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., of the following Goods, will take place at my Auction Room, March 27th, 1860, at 10 o'clock:

(6 bbl Pipes Liquor.
(1 do
(1 Case Segars.
No mark—1 bbl pots, kettles, &c.
W. Sweeney—(1 rocking

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1860.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention will be held at the Capitol, in Madison, on Wednesday, the 29th day of February, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., to choose four delegates from the State at large, and two from each Congressional District, to represent the State of Wisconsin in the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 18th of next June, to nominate two candidates for presidential electors for the State at large; to adopt such action as may be deemed advisable in view of the approaching election of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State; and for the transaction of such other business as may be thought calculated to advance the interests of the party and promote the success of its principles.

Each Assembly District of the State will be entitled to two delegates in such Convention, except where a district includes more than one County, when each county will be entitled to two delegates.

The committee would respectfully suggest that Assembly District Conventions to elect delegates to the State Convention be held as early as Saturday, the 25th day of February.

HORACE RUBLEE,
WM. C. ROGERS,
J. W. STEWART,
E. W. KEYES,
C. F. SOLBERG,
THOMAS HUGHES,
JAMES McKINSON,
BERNARD DOMSCHKE,
D. WORTHINGTON,
I. G. PAINE,
A. J. TURNER,
CHAS. G. FINNEY, Jr.,
CHARLES BILLINGHURST,
L. F. HALEY,
A. E. BOVAY,
Republican State Central Com.

Dated Madison, Dec. 29, 1859.

Bayard Taylor and the "Chivalry."

We copy from the New York *Tribune* a spicy correspondence between BAYARD TAYLOR and a Mr. HOWISON, Chairman of the Lecture Committee of the Young Men's Christian (?) Association of Richmond, Virginia. It will be remembered that this Association, through their Committee, had engaged Mr. TAYLOR to lecture before them during the Winter, and he, having accepted the invitation, made his arrangements accordingly. Very recently the sagacious Committee discovered that Mr. TAYLOR was connected with New York *Tribune*, entertained Republican sentiments, and was strongly suspected of doing his own thinking in religious, as in other matters. Hereupon the Young Men's Christian Association of Richmond, Virginia, —the mother of Presidents and the home of the "Chivalry"—politely notified Mr. TAYLOR that he would not be permitted to lecture, as they had engaged him to do, in the Capital of the ancient Dominion. This discourteous treatment elicited a brief, but sharp letter from Mr. TAYLOR, which led to the correspondence copied in to-day's SENTINEL. We commend it to our readers, one and all, and to the special attention of our Democratic friends, that they may learn how completely the memories and opinions of WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON and other deceased Virginia worthies, are eclipsed by the present generation of Virginia *Democrats!*

The Republican State Convention.

This body meets at Madison, on Wednesday next, to elect Delegates to the National Republican Convention, which is to be held at Chicago on the 13th of June, and upon whom will devolve the important duty of nominating candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States. We have heretofore expressed the opinion that as WILLIAM H. SEWARD, of New York, is unquestionably the first choice of the Republicans of Wisconsin for the Presidency, our delegation to Chicago should faithfully and steadfastly reflect that sentiment. We are fully satisfied that Senator SEWARD is not only our strongest candidate before the people, but that, if elected, he will make the best President the Republic has had for many years. He is, indeed, most vigorously opposed by the leaders of the Sham Democracy, and it is not to be denied that they have valid reasons for this opposition. They know, none better, that Senator SEWARD, as President, will conquer the prejudices of the South, satisfy the expectations of the North, and permanently establish the Republican party, as the dominant party of the Union.

In his election, therefore, they see a long far-well to "the spoils of office" and the final downfall of Sham Democracy. Hence their bitter, reckless and persistent misrepresentation of his acts and opinions; and their fierce hostility to his nomination. But the very reasons which prompt this Democratic opposition, should rally round him every true Republican in the United States. The people of Wisconsin, we firmly believe, recognize *their* duty in the premises, and by their representatives in the Convention which meets next Wednesday, will send a *unanimous* SEWARD delegation to Chicago.

In this connection we copy the following pertinent letter from the able and well-informed Washington correspondent of the New York *Courier & Enquirer*:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14th.

The leader in Saturday's *Courier* gives much satisfaction to leading Republican members of Congress. They think that it announces the true policy of the Republican party. One thing is certain—the party will deserve to be beaten in 1860 if it deserts its true colors for the sake of what old fogies may term expediency. No victory won by an expediency candidate has ever proved fruitful of good. Whatever of success has thus far attended the Republican party has come from its adherence to the principle of non-extension of slavery upon which it was organized. The moment one jot of this vital principle is conceded, the party is defunct. Its vitality will have departed and its functions will have degenerated into spoil-seeking. It is asking too much of those who denominate themselves the Opposition and the People's parties, to accord with the Republicans, who so far outnumber them, the first place upon a Union ticket?

If so, there can be no union. It is the shrewest folly to talk of it. The Republican party is not fighting for spoils merely. Its votes cannot be transferred to any party or man that does not subscribe to their principles. The nomination, therefore, of a person who is so conservative upon the question of extending slavery in the Territories as to be willing to trust it to Popular Sovereignty even, would ensure the organization of a party at the North which would carry off more votes ten fold than could be gained by the nomination. In this connection I will copy an extract from a private letter just received from an intelligent Republican in Cleveland, Ohio:

"Whom do you think the Republicans will nominate at Chicago? If they nominate Seward he will be elected, but I think almost any other man would be defeated. There is no use in taking Bates or any man from a slave State for the sake of catching votes in slave States, as no such States can be carried now, and no such man if nominated would get the old-line anti-slavery votes in the free States. If *any* milk and water candidate is put in nomination at Chicago, it will ruin the Republican party as effectually as the nomination of Van Buren did the old Liberty Party in 1848. I think the delegation from this State (Ohio) will be divided between Chase and Seward. I go for Seward and Bissell of Illinois, or some good man in Pennsylvania instead of Bissell."

The above is from one of the oldest settlers and politicians of the Northwest, who is thoroughly acquainted with the sentiment of that section as far as Minnesota, and doubtless represents it very faithfully in his remarks.

The same tone is almost universal among Republicans now congregated here. They differ somewhat as to men, but agree as to the policy of the party in nominating a standard bearer who is a representative man of the principles inscribed upon the Republican banner. In this respect, our leader *must* be above suspicion and reproach.

The only way to win this battle is to boldly throw that banner to the breeze, nailed fast to the pole of Liberty, with our principles fully and clearly emblazoned upon it. There must be no cheating or skulking, or attempts at them. Frightened men are good for nothing in a close contest anyhow or anywhere; and if we have any such in the Republican party, they should not be allowed to get into places of importance. They must not head the column where they will have the power to throw consternation into the ranks by flinching from the first skirmish at Chicago. JUSTICE.

BURGLARY.—The store of Messrs. CHILCOTE & ZIMMERMAN, at Madison, was entered on Wednesday evening last by burglars, but owing to the fact that the person or persons stumbled over a chair, and thus attracted the attention of Mr. CHILCOTE, nothing was stolen.

FROM MADISON.

The "Unwashed" Convention—Col. Chas D. Robinson's Lecture—Legislation.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

MADISON, Feb. 23, 1860.

How sweet is thy savor, Democracy.—WATTS.

DEAR SENTINEL:—The Democratic Convention has become a matter of history.—Land Agents, Post Masters and Deputy United States Marshals were here. Popular Sovereignty, popular poppycock, squatter sovereignty, no sovereignty, Know-Nothings, Buck-ites, Dug-ites, Feejees, Democrats and gentlemen were here. Sore heads were here. So was STEEVER. STEEVER, of Milwaukee, the author—the author STEEVER *was* here. His works still slumber in manuscript, but we are promised an early edition. Let his letters be recorded. General ELLIS was here, and most remorselessly slaughtered he was, he was.

"They bore him, bare-faced, on his bier"

Out of the Convention, his old gray hairs stained with "a drop of Democratic blood." The Dug ites would not let him have a seat. Can't BUCHANAN appoint him to some mission? The General has hugged BUCHANAN principles as closely as old BUCK's white handkerchief has clung to the wrinkled Presidential neck. He has apologized for all the old dotard's vagaries. For this truly Democratic devotion and sacrifice of principle at the behest of the Democratic leader at Washington, he has incurred the enmity of "Young America." His work is finished. They tripped the old man's heels, and sent him diving hellwards. He will not be long alone. BUCHANAN will soon be there. The old lion-hearted General shakes his mane in the columns of the *Patriot*, this evening, and roars some, while licking his own blood from the axe that gashed his head yesterday.

HOBART and LARRABEE were both aspirants for Charleston, and both were defeated. They mutually express joy. If "our ELIJAH" is satisfied with his journey from Washington, he is more easily satisfied than usual. It looks like an unprofitable speculation for a man to travel over a thousand miles to kill a man who was so nearly dead as HOBART. I fear that the ineffable light of "our ELIJAH'S" countenance will not beam in the chair of the United States Senate, during the succeeding four years. I understand that he is to have the *ten* men who voted for him appointed lighthouse keepers, when that appropriation bill passes. 'Tis well. In place of LARRABEE, HOBART, STEEVER and others, we have, in this district, the immaculate WM. A. BARSTOW.—Whew! I hope the planters won't leave their niggers out doors, o' nights, during the session of the Convention.

COL. CHARLES D. ROBINSON'S LECTURE.

The fifth lecture of the "Home Course" was delivered by COL. ROBINSON, in the "Weak Baptist Church," on Thursday evening. Everybody knows COL. ROBINSON, or ought to, for he is the best man in the Democratic party. He is a gentleman, and what is better, he supports the luxury of a great throbbing heart. It has chambers in it, where he keeps things. He comes out of a good country. Green Bay is a generous and nursing mother. The men who come down from that land have blood in their veins.—There is an honest strength in the grasp of their hands.

The lecturer was warmly greeted on walking into the desk. The large Church was filled. The lecturer was laboring under the effect of a severe cold, and was obliged to deliver the lecture in a conversational tone, but he was continually interrupted by bursts of applause. His ideas did not need the machinery of gesticulation and lungs, to make them palatable. He poured vitriol on the heads of corruptionists, and gave some of the fruits of his observations which it would be well for folks to heed. These lectures, thus far, have been very successful. I wish every city in the State would adopt this plan, of a Home Lecture Society. It would produce the most gratifying results. Every town has thinkers who would willingly contribute to the pleasure and profit of audiences. It should be a great free Church; the preachers are plenty, and the congregations hungry for thought. I notice that RUBLEE is out on "the circuit." He has good things for 'em. You can endorse his notes without looking at their face. They are never protested.

LEGISLATION.

Senator WASHBURNE introduced a resolution in the Senate, on Thursday, "that on and after Tuesday, the Senate will hold two sessions each day, the afternoon session to commence at four o'clock," which was agreed to. Business will probably be pushed ahead with rapidity. Some time ago the compositor made me say some very complimentary things of Mr. ROODY, but it should have been Mr. BOVAY. ROODY has "adjourned."

The late rain swept away the snow and softened things. The late frost has hardened things, and now the roads are as rough as the one that leads to Jordan, where the whang-doodle mourneth—"hence the immortality of the Soul." Yours,

INVARIABLE.

THE HUNGARIAN.—This steamer, which was wrecked near Cape Sable last week, was one of the line of screw propellers, belonging to the Montreal Mail Steamship Company, which ply between Liverpool, Quebec and Portland, in connection with the grand Trunk Railway of Canada. She left Liverpool on the 8th inst., it being her third trip. The *Hungarian* is the fourteenth steamer that has been lost since the commencement of steam navigation between Europe and America:

1. President ..... Never heard of.
2. Columbia ..... All hands saved.
3. Homboldt ..... " "
4. City of Glasgow ..... Never heard of.
5. City of Philadelphia ..... All hands saved.
6. Franklin ..... " "
7. Arctic ..... A few only saved.
8. Pacific ..... Never heard of.
9. Lyonnais ..... A few only saved.
10. Tempest ..... Never heard of.
11. Austria ..... Burned, great loss life.
12. Indian ..... Three lives lost.
13. Argo ..... All hands saved.
14. Hungarian ..... All hands lost probably.

THE YOUNG LADIES of Stanton publish a Literary Gazette. In the last number they communicate the following sensible things for the benefit of the Literary Association of that place:

Resolved, That though one hundred cents makes the dollar, common sense makes the man.

Resolved, That we are all men and women.

Resolved, That all men were young before they were old.

Resolved, That we will not submit to the old ones.

Resolved, That women are worth having, and we will have them.

Resolved, That when we want to anything we *ought* to have it.

Resolved, That if the child is father to the man, young men ought to know best.

Resolved, That they do know best.

Resolved, That any male member of this association, upon declining Leap Year favors, shall be expelled.

Resolved, That all men having common sense vote the Republican ticket.

ABSENCE OF MIND.—Rev. Mr. B——, pastor of the Congregational Church in Gilead, on Sunday last, tackled his horse to the sleigh, took on some butter and eggs, and a lot of tin ware, and started for Gorham, N. H., about ten miles distant, to dispose of the former and have the latter mended. Arriving there, he was much astonished to learn, as he offered his produce for sale, that it was Sunday. It was with some difficulty that he was convinced of the fact. But upon coming to the conclusion that it was Sunday, he said he would return and preach to his congregation in the afternoon.—*Portland Argus.*

A PARTY OF HUNTERS, a few days ago, were out hunting in Kinchafoonie Swamp, near Hampshire, Ala., when their attention was directed to a furious encounter between a small rabbit and a snake. The former fought ferociously, springing suddenly on the snake, tearing the flesh of the reptile with his feet and sharp teeth, and springing off again to avoid its poisonous fangs. The snake seemed trying to get away, but the rabbit, wholly unmindful of the presence of the the hunters, kept up the combat until his antagonist was disabled, when the little fellow beat a slow retreat, unharmed by the guns of his admiring spectators.

More Interesting Correspondence—Mr. Howison to Mr. Bayard Taylor.

RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 10, 1860.

BAYARD TAYLOR, Esq.—*Sir:*—Your letter of the 3d inst. has been received.

I am truly sorry that you should consider anything in my last letter personally discourteous or insulting to you.

Certainly such was not the intention, nor do I believe that the letter, in whole or in part, can with fairness be so construed.

It was due as well to yourself as to those I represent, that, in withdrawing the invitation previously given to you, I should inform you plainly of our reasons for so doing. And your letter in no degree removes or diminishes the force of those reasons.

It was *not* generally known in this community that you were connected with the N. Y. *Tribune*, and the fact of such connection assumed a significance in the light of recent events, which caused open expressions of dissatisfaction.

And when, in addition to this, you inform me that you "hold the opinions of Washington and Jefferson on the subject of Slavery," your partial editorship of the *Tribune* indicates a positive sympathy with its doctrines. Washington and Jefferson were great, but human; they lived and died before the subject of Slavery had been thoroughly discussed in view of Scripture and reason, and above all, they died before modern Abolitionism had commenced its pestilential career.

Washington's opinions in favor of emancipation were moderate, and, *in his time*, not objectionable; but Jefferson went much further.

If it be true that you, a scholar and a writer, do now, in 1860, hold with Jefferson, that "the evils commerce between master and slave is a perpetual exercise of the most boisterous passions, the most unremitting despotism on the one part, and degrading submission on the other," and in view of slavery, that you "tremble for your country, when you reflect that God is just; that His justice cannot sleep forever; that considering numbers, nature and natural means only, a revolution of the wheel of fortune, an exchange of situation is among possible events, that it may become probable by supernatural interference," and that "the Almighty has no attribute which can take side with us in such a contest"—if such be your present sentiments, then you cannot be surprised to find that you will not be a welcome visitor to a Virginia community.

As to your lecture on Humboldt, I have never heard it, and as it has not been published in full, I have of course not read it.—But certain extracts from it, and statements of parts of it have appeared in the papers, the *Tribune* among others, the accuracy of which you have not within my knowledge denied. One of these represents you as saying that Humboldt rarely attended Divine service, and that he possessed an unbounded scorn for much that is called religion; that his religious nature was perhaps too deep to find expression by such methods; that in a conversation with yourself he uttered a satire upon clergymen, and to this, certain remarks of your own are added, from all of which others beside myself had inferred that you vindicated and approved Humboldt's religious belief, although it was Deism, and not a simple faith in the Scriptures as divinely inspired. Whether such be your real sentiments, your own conscience only can decide: I pretend not to judge you, but I am bound to draw my own inferences from the indications apparent, and I regret that nothing in your letter removes these unfavorable impressions.

You conclude with the strong words, "Yours for free thought and enlightened Christianity." In a proper sense I unite with you in desiring these blessings; but the very forms of your expression remind me that with many at the North "free thought" has degenerated into "free thinking" or infidelity, and culminated in "free love," and that they have sought to "enlighten" Christianity by holding up in the face of the Sun of Righteousness the smoking taper of their so-called "higher law." For such "free thought and enlightened Christianity" I am *not*, but I am

Yours for Constitutional Liberty and the Christianity of the Bible.

R. R. HOWISON.

MR. TAYLOR'S REPLY.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 20, 1860.

SIR:—I acquit you of intentional discourtesy, though my own standard of good breeding would lead me to omit such insinuations of infidelity, spiritualism, and free-love as you have seen fit to apply to me. From the tenor of your letter, I am not so much surprised that you should see nothing insulting in the attempt to subject a free man to censorship, not only of speech, but of thought.

It astonishes me, nevertheless, to hear from you that Washington's opinions on slavery were contrary to "Scripture and Reason"—that Jefferson, if now living, "would not be a welcome visitor to a Virginia community"—when I find, in a History of Virginia, written by yourself, this declaration: "The last and most important cause, unfavorably affecting Virginia, which we shall mention, is the existence of slavery within her bounds"—and also this: "We apprehend that, in general, the people of Virginia hold slavery to be an enormous evil, bearing with fatal power upon their prosperity." Allow me to ask whether your History was written by the light of "Scripture and Reason?"

The notices of my lecture on Humboldt, to which you refer, do *not* correctly represent my expressions. I said "he possessed an unbounded scorn *for the meanness and inconsistency of many loud-mouthed professors of Christianity*," and also repeated a remark of his, satirizing *unworthy* clergymen. I neither stated, nor do I believe, that he was merely a Deist. It is useless to recapitulate my remarks, because they referred to him alone. I trust I have too much good taste and good sense, to intrude my own religious views into lectures which are listened to by members of all Christian sects.

Let me once more urge upon your attention the fact, that I am neither a politician nor a theologian, but an author. What my political opinions are, concerns no one, so long as I do not proclaim them publicly.—For my religious faith I am answerable to God alone. I will enter into no discussion with you upon these points, for I deny your right, or the right of any other man, to catechise me. When I deliver my lectures on "The Arabs," "Arctic Life," and "Moscow," (as I proposed doing at Richmond,) your business with me extends no further than to demand that my statements be correct and my narrative entertaining.

Your repeated allusion to "free-love" might have been spared. I shall rejoice as heartily as yourselves, when the small band of licentious free-lovers disappears from the North, and when a race of mulattoes is no longer propagated at the South.

I cannot join in your closing declaration, when I find that "constitutional liberty" means a tyranny over thought unknown in despotic Austria, and that "the Christianity of the Bible" includes an inquisitorial bigotry from which even Catholic Spain is free.

Yours, BAYARD TAYLOR.

R. R. Howison, Esq.

THE PACIFIC MAIL COMPANY.—The *Tribune* money article says the agreement between Com. Vanderbilt and the Mail Company had not been actually signed at a late hour this afternoon, but there were only a few unimportant details to arrange, and little doubt was felt that the signatures of both parties would be attached to-night. The only question, we believe, unsettled, was that of the division of the treasure freight between the Atlantic and the Pacific Companies. Mr. Vanderbilt demands 36 per cent., and the Pacific Mail Company offer 30 per cent. This, however, only involves the question of some $25,000 per annum, and is not likely to break up the negotiations. The scheme of arrangement, as far as made public, is substantially as we have before stated.

The Pacific Mail Company buy the Vanderbilt boats in the Pacific with the exception of the Champion, for $750,000, of which $600,000 is paid in Pacific Mail Stock at par, and $250,000 in cash. The Champion is to be taken by the Pacific Mail Company in exchange for the St. Louis, and $150,000, or else Mr. Vanderbilt is to be paid $50,000 to bring her back to the Atlantic. The Vanderbilt's and Roberts' steamers are to do the whole Atlantic service, and the Mail Company the service on the Pacific. The revenue of the line to be divided; 30 per cent. to the Atlantic, and 70 per cent. to the Pacific service, with the exception before alluded to of the freight upon treasure. It is not proposed to put passenger fares to the old rates, but they will be materially advanced. It is believed with this combination of interests the business can be done without danger of any opposition line being established.

THE Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* writes:

"It is rumored that President Buchanan has at last become soured against the *Herald*, since its editorial pronouncing Mr. Buchanan no candidate for the Charleston nomination, and narrowing the race down between Pierce and Douglas, the last two he would be willing to see his successor. On reading the editorial alluded to, he is reported to have said to a friend, "Well, Bennet has turned fool at last."

NORTH CAROLINA AHEAD.—It should be a source of pride to North Carolinians to know that their State is more extensively engaged in cotton manufactories than any other in the South. From the statistics it appears that in 1859, about 29,000 bales of cotton were manufactured into cloth in North Carolina, while in Georgia, "the Empire State of the South," the number of bales was 26,000. *Raleigh Register.*

NEVER answer a calumniator. If you will only give a rattlesnake time enough, he will sting himself, and die of his own venom.

LETTER FROM CHINA.

Failure of the Rice Crop—Coolie Traffic—Burning of the Emperor of Japan's Palace.

U. S. FLAG SHIP POWHATAN,
HARBOR OF HONG KONG, Dec. 12, 1859.

Throughout all the East, from India to the shores of the Pacific, according to the most reliable information, the past season has been marked beyond any one for a long series of years by the failure of the rice crop, which, as a means of subsistence, is hardly exceeded in value by all the grains produced in the United States.

For various reasons in different countries, —the war, perhaps, accounting for the failure to some extent in India, and floods in the Maylan Peninsula, and drouth in some parts of China—there will be a deficiency in the usual supply of one-third.

The coolie trade has lost none of its activity or horrors. The slave trade itself on the coast of Africa is not more atrocious; while all the horrors of the "middle passage" belongs to a coolie-ship as well as an African slaver, and at the same time that "middle passage" embraces the China Sea, the Indian Ocean, and the Atlantic, instead of the Atlantic only.

The great centres of the traffic are Amoy, a port about two hundred miles north of Hong Kong, and Macao, the old Portuguese town, twenty-five miles distant, on the Canton river, where barracoons are erected, and dealers have their residence, who make their arrangements with pirates and others to secure coolies by promises, however false, if they can, or by violence, if that is necessary. Fair promises are made in abundance, tempting to these poor starving people, but promises made only to be broken, by which great numbers are decoyed and then forced into these barracoons, and thus detained, unable to communicate with their friends, or the authorities, while others are seized while asleep in their junks by night, or quietly occupied in their fields or gardens, or humble avocations, and with hands and feet tied, are hurried off to the barracoons, where they are imprisoned till the ship is ready, to which they are carried by night or stealthily by day, notwithstanding all their entreaties and protestations, and despite all their feeble resistance.

On the evening of the 10th we lay in the port of Cokohama, preparing to sail in the morning, and about 15 miles distant from Jeddo, a fire broke out in that direction, which seemed to cover a larger space and be nearer than Jeddo, and, as we concluded, was consuming some town or village—which are numberless around Jeddo. The scene was magnificent, however melancholy, and resembled, as I imagined, the flames sent up from the top of the great mountain, Fusi Ami, clearly in sight, and 16,000 feet high, in the days of its activity as a volcano.—Hearing in the morning, we had no time to receive any information, but have since learned that it was the Imperial Palace itself, in Jeddo, which was destroyed. Such an event is said to occur about once in a century, and spreads consternation throughout the Empire. All business and trade, as we are informed, are suspended, by imperial edict, throughout the Empire; how long this prohibition will continue is not ascertained, nor what effect the disaster will have in relation to the mission of the two Commissioners of the United States. Possibly, through some superstitious augury, the whole arrangement may be defeated.

It is not as yet decided, as I understand, whether we shall run to San Francisco or to the Sandwich Islands, or, using sail only for a good part of the distance, strike directly for Panama. The long voyage will present a good opportunity to study Japanese character in all its phases, of which I hope to avail myself, and propose to re-open my Nagasaki school on board the Powhatan, thus adding some of the suite, at least aid indirectly the two commissioners themselves, to understand America and Americans when they reach our shores.—*Cor. Jour. of Com.*

THE MOORS.—In the earliest times the people on the European and African sides of the Straits of Gibraltar were the same, and the intercourse between them over the narrow channel was frequent. In the subsequent movements of warlike tribes and peoples, Spain and Barbary were successively in whole or in part, overrun by the Carthaginians, Romans, Goths, Vandals and Saracens or Arabs, leaving both Spain and Barbary in the early part of the eighth century, under the dominion of the latter. Both became provinces of the Caliphs of Bagdad, and were ruled by their governors. The Moors, as the Arabs of Spain and Morocco were called, mingled their blood with the inhabitants of the country, and for eight hundred years—much of the time as the predominant power in the Spanish Peninsula, notwithstanding the invasion and civil wars, instigated by religious bigotry, to which they were subjected—maintained themselves in Spain, and under their sway the country became powerful and great. At the end of this period they were subdued by the Christian states which had arisen among them, and the establishment of the Inquisition placed their lives and everything they possessed at the mercy of their conquerors.

A century of burnings, confiscations and horrors succeeded; when what remained of them, in the beginning of the seventeenth century, whom neither fire nor faggot could convert, were expelled from Spain and driven into Africa. This, and the expulsion of the Jews which followed, destroyed the greatness of Spain—her commerce, her revenues, and her morals—leaving her a crippled monster lying helpless at the mouth of the grave she had dug; from which condition, after a lapse of two centuries and a half, she is only now beginning to recover. The Spanish, like all the central and southern nations of Europe, are of mixed blood made up of the several peoples who have overrun their land; but in many of the provinces, especially at the south and east, the Arab or Moorish blood still predominates. The war with Morocco, if it had not its origin in ancient memories, can hardly fail to recall them, and inspire the Moors with a frenzy of defence and vengeance which will go far to make up for their deficiency in the science of arms.

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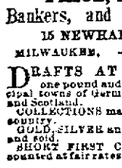


No 1—Round the head.
No. 2—From temple to temple, below the crown.
No. 3—The hair on the forehead to the poll of the head.
No. 4—Ear to ear.
Address,
CHAS. F. MILLER,
Corner E. Water and Biddle Sts.,
Mil.

or24dly

THE SENTINEL.

[Written expressly for the Daily Sentinel.]

TWENTY STEPS

TO ONE WOMAN'S HEART.

[CONTINUED.]

"Very well. Until then, let us dismiss the subject, for, to tell the truth, I fancy it is eating too deep into your mind."

Jerry laughed and produced a daguerreotype from his pocket, which he held in front of him in an admiring manner.

"Now, to tell the truth, Greenway," he said, "that is a confoundedly pretty face, and it's too bad to be obliged to give up the search here."

"I am not sure that it would help matters any to find her," Greenway answered, "You may now rest quite content in the belief that she is a divinity. A successful search may prove that she is a fallen angel."

"Look at that!" Jerry rejoined, holding the miniature so that his companion could see the face. "Does that look like a fallen what-d'ye-call-it? Isn't purity, and all the other cardinal arrangements duly represented there; eh, artist, physiognomist, philosopher?"

"Oh, it's all very pretty," Greenway replied, "and I wouldn't mind taking a copy of it some time, if you would spare it long enough; it would make a capital head of Medusa or Haidee. Now tell me, how was it that your friend Chartsey became possessor of it?"

"Thereby hangs a guardian tale which Chartsey's sword even cannot sever. He has a faint recollection of a gentleman and a daughter coming and going; a faint memory of duplicating the thing privately because the face pleased him, and that is all. Nothing could stimulate his treacherous brain into a description of the man's appearance, or his language, or the opinion that he formed of the couple at the time."

"How would it do, Jerry, to set our friend Hanchut on the trail; he is considered one of the smartest detective officers in the department, and has a spice of romance in his composition too?"

"I've been thinking of the same thingmyself. It wouldn't be a bad idea." Egad, I'll call on him to-morrow."

While these two young gentlemen are conversing here, let us follow Clinton and Stansbury. On leaving the studio of Greenway, Ed. proceeded at once to a small office on Third Avenue, bearing the inscription, "Christmas, Notary Public." When within a stone throw of the place they stopped to consult.

"It's now nearly six o'clock," said Ed., looking down at the quaint church spire, with its ancient clock, in Stuyvesant Place; "I will go in and acquaint Chris. with the Savages' acceptance of his invitation, and tell Jerry will be at his house with the party by eight. Do you go into that oyster saloon over there and wait for me. I will get him to have his landlady fix up a supper, and make all the necessary preparation and be with you in a twinkling." He then left Stansbury and proceeded alone to the Notary's office; the latter crossing the street and descending the steps of the oyster saloon.—As he did so, two men, who had been standing unobserved somewhat near them, while talking, and who bore no noticeable characteristic in their exteriors, walked to the opposite side of the avenue and one of the men said:

"Now you're sure of him: he is one of the party I'll take my oath. Go down and trap him and I'll meet you at the Pointer."

They then separated, the one who had spoken going hastily down the street, the other entering the saloon.

Here we were suddenly startled by a terrific clap of thunder! and as Chartsey turned his head to look out upon the trees the pattering of the heavy rain drops was heard.

"It's a shower, quick! for the house!" I said, as the black muses of clouds showed themselves through the oak leaves, and we all set out at a wild scamper for the protective domicil. I think I placed my arm half about Blanche once or twice as though I would assist her, and we reached the veranda breathing deep and looking somewhat flurried.—Chartsey brought out chairs and in a few moments we were listening to

STEP FOUR.

Stansbury was not a remarkably quick-witted young man. He was one of your sympathetic natures that answer to every touch. He loved oysters, too, as all sympathetic young men do, and he called for "a plate raw." It was then that the individual who had followed him came up and extending his hand, said:

"How are you, my boy?"

"Lively!" said Stanbury, returning the grasp and looking enquiringly at the figure before him.

"We're fortunate in meeting here. I was just going to order some champagne, and now I have some one to drink it with me, I'll call for an extra bottle," said the stranger, seating himself at the table.

"Bless me! if I recollect you," rejoined Stansbury, still eyeing the face and figure curiously.

"Don't you? Well, you must have an acute memory."

"Ain't you a friend of Clinton?"

"Yes."

"Well, if I am not mistaken he introduced you to me not many weeks ago. Tax your memory; it deserves it dearly! Ah! here is the oysters. Allow me to pay the bill; then all right."

"Bring that champagne, waiter!"

"You see I know you, Stansbury; but the fact is, I haven't met you since that introduction, and if I hadn't taken a liking to you that night, would have forgotten you entirely."

Here's where Stansbury's sympathetic nature did him an injury. He immediately supposed his comrade was one of the many young men he met when attending Jerry's parties. He, moreover, not being a millionaire, was somewhat predisposed in the stranger's favor by the mere fact that he had paid the supper bill. He wasn't curious, in short, and so when the conversation was adroitly turned into another channel he went with it, and forgot to ask the person's name. Three glasses of champagne made him talkative too, and the man having learned from him that he had a friend named Jerry, said:

"Oh, yes, I know him well; but now tell me are'nt you going on some kind of a spree to-night?"

"To be sure we are, and its one of the jolliest affairs you ever heard of. Clinton's own, sir, all Clint's, and a rare thing it will be before morning." Here followed an account of the deception to be practiced upon Christmas, at the conclusion of which the stranger said:

"Well, now I'll tell you Stansbury, you might ring me in on that party. There's nothing I like better than just such a row. Can't you float me in someway?"

"Why I suppose so, if you particularly desire it."

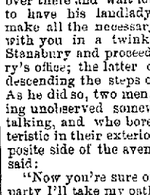
"Well I do. Hang me if I don't befriend you for life, if you'll say the word. Where do you meet?"

This and similar questions soon enabled the man to acquire a full and complete knowledge of the party's intended operations, and when they had finished, and Clinton came in, Stansbury introduced his new friend with—"Let me see, what did you say your name was?"

"Stone—Alph Stone, confound it you know as well as I do," was the answer.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON



MANUFACTURERS of the GREAT WESTERN FIRE, POWDER & Burglar-Proof Safes, Vault Doors, etc. All Safes warranted as recorded with our own "No Plus Ultra" Safe and Vault Door Lock, which have no key or key hole, and consequently cannot be picked nor blown open with powder, besides being put on so as to leave no possibility of access by driving them from the doors. jy7dly

Wisconsin State Portable Gas Co.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW FULLY ORganized, and is prepared to offer to the citizens of any city or village in this State, a Portable Gas light, equal in brilliancy to Coal Gas, and less expensive. It is undoubtedly the best and cheapest artificial light yet invented, and the only perfectly safe method of using burning fluid. The Company are prepared to light the streets of any city or village in this State on a small outlay for lamps, and at a subsequent cost of one cent per hour for the light. They are also ready to fit up any building, public or private, with gas pipes and fixtures, on the shortest notice, and warrant the work to give satisfaction.

Gas Pipes and Fixtures, and a pure article of Burning Fluid for use in said Lamps, always on hand.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

JNO. PERKINS,
No 6 Perkins' Block, Fourth Ward, Secretary and General Agent, Milwaukee. jan27-290d&wtuno

POWDER AND SHOT.

A. H. GARDNER & CO.,

NO. 17 WISCONSIN STREET,

Wholesale dealers in all kinds of

SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER, SHOT, LEAD, PERCUSSION CAPS, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The highest price in cash paid for Shipping Furs.

AGENTS FOR WISCONSIN SHOT CO.

☞ Powder sent in Fire Proof Magazines,—delivered at our store, to vessel, or shipped free of expense. A. H. GARDNER. [aug16-641dly] H. S. DODGE

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO EXCHANGE EIGHTY OR Forty acres of good tip-top, first quality lands, free and clear; all paid for. Any one who has a good, quiet pair of horses, not too old or too young, will call at my Auction Room and hear all about the deal. jan12 CALEB WALL.

CITRON—LEGHORN EXTRA, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 118 East Water st. 1mar

Groceries and Provisions.

CHEESE

ENGLISH CHEDDAR, VERY FRESH and choice; American Pine Apple Cheese; Sage Cheese; Herkimer County Cheese.

FISH.

Boston Mackerel, in kits; Kennebec Salmon, do; Connecticut Shad, do; Kennebec Salmon, smoked.

BUTTER.

From selected Wisconsin Dairies.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

SUGARS.

Havemeyer's & Mollé's Patent Cut Loaf, Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Coffee Sugars.

TEAS.

English Breakfast, Oolongs and Young Hysons, finest qualities.

COFFEES.

Old Mocha and Government Java, choice Rio and Laguira.

DRIED FRUITS.

Layer Raisins, in half, whole and quarter boxes; Zante Durrants, Prunes and Figs.

CHAMPAGNES.

From Heidsieck & Co., Moet & Chandon. Also, other brands.

LIQUORS.

Of the finest qualities, warranted pure and unadulterated.

CIGARS.

Havana Cigars, medium and choice.

TWINES.

Cotton Seine and Bag Twines; Gilling Twine, No. 20, white and grey, superior quality.

AGENCY

FOR

SANDS' CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

PALE CREAM ALES!

My stock of choice Groceries, Condiments, Sauces, Pickles, &c., &c., will compare favorably with any in the city. All goods warranted and delivered free in any part of the city.

JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
feb7 161 East Water street.

EDWARD TRUSLOW,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS,

CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

119 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

oct28

GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE firm of Sinclair & Gunnison, has removed into the store No. 161 East Water street, where he will have constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Nails, Glass, White Lead, Dried Fruits, &c., which he will offer low to cash or prompt paying customers. He will be pleased to see any of the friends of the old concern, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. W. M. SINCLAIR.

Milwaukee, April 25th, 1859 ap26l205d3m

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. P. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge! dec18dmdly

L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

Manilla Rope, (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (all sizes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Bath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Pitch, Tar,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Seine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,

And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first class Ship Chandlery Store.

Aug16dly

TO TRUNK MAKERS & SADDLERS

5,000 YARDS CANVASS, ALL NUMbers, 22 to 44 inches wide, in store and for sale cheap. dec2 L. T. CHASE & CO.

HIDE ROPE, HAY ROPE AND BALING TWINE, in lots to suit, cheap for cash, by L. T. CHASE & CO., Corner East Water & Chicago Sts.

nov10

Insurance.

SECURITY.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Connecticut.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Connecticut;

CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Connecticut;

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
of Hartford, Connecticut;

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of New York;

LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Of New York;

RESOLUTE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of New York City;

W. HENRY HOLLAND, Agent,
North-west cor. Main and Wisconsin sts, Mil.
feb19l568dly

STATEMENT

Of the condition of the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Springfield, Mass., on the first day of January, 1860, in conformity with the laws of the State of Wisconsin:

1. The name and locality of the Company: Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Springfield.

2. The amount of its capital stock: Two Hundred Thousand dollars.

3. The amount of its capital stock paid up: Two Hundred Thousand dollars.

4. The assets of the Company including:

1st. The amount of cash on hand $4,496 93

Amount of cash on hand from Agents and others in course of transmission 19,103 66

2d. The real estate unencumbered, office building, "Corp block" 33,300 47

3d. The bonds owned by the Company and how they are secured, with the rate of interest thereon:

$7,000 Western R. R. Man. 6 per cent. b's 7,021 50
6,000 Conn. River R. R. do do 6,000 00
6,000 Buffalo, New York & Erie 7 per cent. mortgage b's 5,400 00
1,000 Watertown & Horse 7 per cent. do 930 00

4th. Debts to the Company secured by mortgages, loans on real estate 131,340 07

5th. Debts otherwise secured, loans on personal and collateral security 9,2695 8

6th. Debts for Premiums.....

7th. All other securities:

Bank stocks as per schedule 155,941 74
Railroad stocks as per schedule 55,000 00
Bills receivable 5,039 57
Marine Premium Notes .....
Office furniture, library and all other securities including rents and accrued interest 9,039 92
Surplus over capital 245,017 50

$648,617 50

5. The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors of the Co.... None.
6. Losses adjusted and due ..... None.
7. Losses adjusted and not due 36,515 59
8. Losses in suspense, waiting further proof ..... None.
10. All other claims against the Co..... None.
11. The greatest amount insured in one risk 10,000 00

12. The greatest amount allowed by the rules to be insured in any one city, town or village. *Ans.* As much as is deemed prudent.

13. The greatest amt' allowed to be insured in any one block. *Ans.* See answer to question 12.

Premiums received during the year in Wisconsin 3,241 56
Amount of dividends declared and paid.. 1,800 00
Market value of stock $220@225 per share last sale.

E. FREEMAN, President.

WM. CONNER, Jr., Secretary.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, } ss.

Subscribed and sworn to this 28th day of January, A. D. 1860, before me.

A. L. SOULE, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
Secretary's Office.

The Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the foregoing Statement has been compared with the original instrument on file in this office, and that the same is a true and correct copy thereof and of the whole of such original.

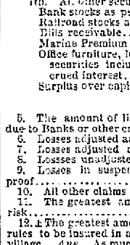
Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Madison, this fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1860.

EDWARD ILSLEY, Ass't Sec. of State.

SAMUEL M. OGDEN, Agent,
Ogden & Wall, Milwaukee, Wis.

feb23d3t 181m

Alcohol, Oils, &c.



Oils! Oils!!

Camphene, Camphene!!

BURNING FLUID!

ALCOHOL, ALCOHOL!!

VARNISHES!

STARCH! STARCH!!

At Wholesale.

Also, a complete assortment of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

BOTH ROUND AND FLAT WICK.

At as Low Prices as can be obtained in Eastern Markets.

Patton & Williams,
Oil & Com. Merchants,
mar9h94dly 141 East Water St.

WISCONSIN OIL COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE, AT WHOLESALE and Retail,

2,000 GALS. WINTER SPERM OIL.
3,000 " " ELEPHANT OIL.
4,000 " " BLEACHED WHALE OIL.

Burning Fluid, Camphene and Alcohol.

Improved Engine and Signal Oil for Railroads and Steamers.

☞ Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention.

☞ Address WISCONSIN OIL CO., 22 Spring St., Opposite the American House, Milwaukee, Wis.

jan14h610dly

OFFICE OF MILWAUKEE AND BELOIT R. R. CO.,
MILWAUKEE, January 23, 1860.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE M. & B. R. R. Co.: Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting for the election of Directors of said Co., will be held at the office of said Company in the city of Milwaukee, on Thursday, March 7th, A. D. 1860. The polls will be opened at 11 o'clock M., and closed at 4 P. M. CHARLES S. HILL, Secretary.

jan26l365d3d

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company

OF THE

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

TRUSTEES.

S. S. DAGGETT, J. B. MARTIN,
DR. E. B. WOLCOTT, ANSON ELDRED,
HENRY L. PALMER, JAMES BONNELL,
LESTER PENTON, DANIEL NEWHALL,
SAMUEL MARSHALL, HENRY A. NICHOLS,
MITCHELL SIEVER, M. S. SCOTT,
GEO. BINNER, C. D. NASH,
A. H. SCOVILLE, ALEX. GRAHAM,
J. D. BOUGHAM, S. C. HIGBY,
J. ALLEN BARBER, JOHN HACKETT,
J. G. JOHNSTON, JOHN H. ROBERTSON
J. G. FLINT, BENJ. F. FLINT,
J. H. BARNEY, JAMES NEIL,
EZRA MILLER, S. C. SPALDING,
JOHN G. HEINRICHS. MASON L. DARLING,
CHAS. F. ILSLEY, DANIEL B. WHITAKER,
O. ALEXANDER, A. D. WILLMANNS,

S. S. DAGGETT, President.
DR. E. B. WOLCOTT, Vice Pres't.

A. W. KELLOGG, Secretary.
C. D. NASH, Treasurer.
O. P. WOLCOTT,
J. G. FLINT,
D. T. BROWN,
E. B. WOLCOTT, Consulting Physician. } Examining Physicians.

ap21l765d1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE AGENCY

OF

OGDEN & WALL,

S. W. Cor. of Michigan & East Water Sts.

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus $437,000

MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY,
Springfield, Mass.
Cash Capital and Surplus $235,000

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Hartford, Conn.
Cash Capital and Surplus $218,000

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash Capital and Surplus 241,000

The above named very reliable Companies have been long and favorably known in this city, their losses (in some instances very large) have been met promptly and liberally; they are managed by prudent and experienced men, and are in every way entitled to public confidence.

☞ Policies issued without delay, and at as Low Rates as in other first class Companies.

S. S. OGDEN, Agent,
oct18dly OGDEN & WALL.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

Insurance Against Loss and Damage by Fire.

Germania Fire Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - $200,000 00
SURPLUS December 31st, 1859, - 15,782 24

OFFICE 5 BEEKMAN STREET,

(PARK BANK BUILDING.)

M. HILGER, President.

RUD. GARRIGUE, Secretary.

Firemen's Fund Insurance Co.

NEW YORK CITY,

110 BROADWAY,

METROPOLITAN BANK BUILDING.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - $150,000 00
SURPLUS December 31st, 1859, - 11,149 60

N. B. GRAHAM, President.

Policies in the above First Class Co.'s issued without delay, and losses promptly paid by

LESTER & REINHOLD, Agents,
Office in Preusser's Block, cor. East Water and Mason sts., Milwaukee, Wis. oct11-583dly

MILWAUKEE MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NOS. 2 & 4 MARTIN'S BLOCK,

(Second Floor.)

CAPITAL 100,000 DOLLARS.

THE OLDEST COMPANY IN THIS State, unsurpassed for safety, and unequalled in cheapness by any Company in the State.

DIRECTORS:

S. S. DAGGETT, H. D. HOLTON,
E. CRAMER, G. BARRY,
H. L. PALMER, J. B. MARTIN,
AUG. GRELICH, HENRY FESS,
J. H. VAN DYKE.

S. S. DAGGETT, President.
J. B. MARTIN, Vice Pres't.

P. B. HILL, Secretary.
jan16 M. L. SKINNER, Office Agent.

The Park Fire Insurance Company

INCORPORATED IN 1853.

CASH CAPITAL, ... $200,000 00
SURPLUS, July 1, 1859, ... 86,029 29

OFFICE—227 BROADWAY & 50 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS COMPANY INSURES BUILDings, Merchandize, Ships and their Cargoes in Port, Household Furniture, and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire.

JOSIAH W. BAKER, President.
WM. JAFFRAY, Secretary.

Newhall Block, corner Michigan and Main sts.
GEO. BAKER, Gen'l Agent, Milwaukee.
sep28?2d1y

FURNITURE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURchased the entire interest of August Fiertzheim and Geo. Geo. K. Kimball, in the Firm of

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.

Will continue the

Furniture and Upholstery

Business in all its branches at the

OLD STAND,

And he hopes, by constant attention to business to merit what has been so liberally bestowed on the old Firm, the patronage of his friends and the public generally. WM. A. NOYES.

oct14l257d1y

Insurance.

STATEMENT

Of the condition of the NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., of Hartford, Conn., on the 21 day of January, 1860.

To the Auditor of the State of Wisconsin:

1st. The name of the Company is the NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, and it is located in the city of Hartford, State of Connecticut.

CAPITAL.

2d. Amount of Capital Stock is..... $300,000
2d. Amount of Capital, actually paid in cash, is $165,625
Amount of Stock Notes endorsed and approved, and otherwise secured by double the amount of the Stock of the Co..... 134,375 300,000

Market value of Stock 105@108.
Dividends paid the last year, 10 per ct. or $30,000.
The amount of gross receipts for the year 1859, for premiums in the State of Wisconsin, is five thousand four hundred and two 79-100 Dollars, (5,402 79.)

ASSETS.

4th. The Assets of the Company are as follows, viz:

	Par Val.	Market Val.
20 Hartford City 6 per ct. Bonds	22,000	20,000
10 Ohio State 6 per ct. Bonds	10,000	10,300
5 Mich State 6 per ct. Bonds	5,000	5,150
10 Missouri 8 per cent. Bonds	10,000	8,475
Amount of State Bonds at.....		44,925
175 Shares Phœnix Bank Hartford	17,500	16,450
92 Shares Hartford Bank Hartford	9,200	4,920
191 Shares Farmers & Mechanics Bank, Hartford	19,100	11,710
215 Shares Exchange Bank, Hartford	10,700	11,235
50 Shares City Bank, Hartford	4,500	5,220
100 Shares Merchants' & Manuf. Bank, Hartford	7,300	7,330
100 Shares Mercantile Bank, Hartford	13,500	13,770
100 Shares Mercantile Bank, Hartford	10,000	10,000
100 Shares Safety Fund Bank, Boston	10,000	10,300
50 Shares Maverick B'k, Boston	5,000	5,050
50 Shares Metropolitan Bank, N. Y.	5,000	5,000
50 Shares Merchants Bank, New York	2,500	2,675
250 Shares Phœnix Bank, New York	5,000	5,450
50 Shares Continental Bank, New York	5,000	5,150
50 Shares Bank of America, New York	5,000	5,600
Amount of Bank Stocks		131,131 00
100 Shares Hartford & New Haven R. R. Company	10,000	12,400 12,400 00
Amount of bills receivable with collaterals — Bank Stock and Real Estate	4,025 00	
Amount of bills receivable, Book Notes, endorsed and approved, and also secured by double the amount of Stock of the Company.....	134,375 00	132,000 00
Amount of accrued Interest on bills receivable		4,033 66
Amount of cash on hand and in Bank	6,104 77	
Amount of cash in hands of Agents and in transit.....	12,940 24	19,045 00
Total amount of Assets,		$361,084 66

LIABILITIES.

5th. Amount of Liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors, none.
6th. Losses adjusted and due, none.
7th. Losses adjusted and not due 9,150 22
8th. Losses in suspense, waiting further proof 14,924 23
9th. All other claims against the company, none but a small amount for current office expenses.
10th. Largest amount insured in any one risk, $5,000, Amount due for premiums of Insurance.
11th. Largest amount in any one city, town or village—No positive rule, depending on circumstances of location.
12th. Largest amount in any one block—no positive rule, depending on circumstances of location.
13th. The Company have no Deposits in any State, as security for losses therein, or for any purpose.
14th. The Charter of the Company dates from May, 1857—same as former Charter, 1825.

JAMES G. BOLLES, President.

A. F. HASKINGS, Secretary.

Hartford, Jan. 17, 1860.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss.
Hartford County.

Personally appeared James G. Bolles, President, and A. F. Haskings, Secretary, of the North American Fire Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement by them subscribed, is in all respects true and correct as to the affairs of said Company; and exhibits so far as can be ascertained, its actual condition, as stated on the 2d day of January, 1860.

Before me, ROBERT E. DAY,
Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
Secretary's Office.

The Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the foregoing statement has been compared with the original instrument on file in this office, and that the same is a true and correct copy thereof, and of the whole of such original.

The North American Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, having complied with the requirements of section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Wisconsin," approved March 17, 1859, and having paid into the State Treasury the sum of one hundred sixty-two and 5-100 dollars, being three per cent. upon the gross amount of premiums received in the State of Wisconsin, in the year 1859, (as per their report).

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the act aforesaid, the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin, hereby certifies that the said North American Fire Insurance Company, when it shall have complied with the requirements of section three of said Act, may take risks, receive premiums, and transact the business of an Insurance Company in this State, from this date until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1861.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Madison, this eleventh day of February, A. D. 1860.

[L. S.] EDWARD ILSLEY,
Assistant Secretary of State.

JOHN WHITE, Agent,
Office No. 9 Newhall House, Michigan st.
feb21,370d1mo

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company

OF THE

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

TRUSTEES.

S. S. DAGGETT, J. B. MARTIN,
DR. E. B. WOLCOTT, ANSON ELDRED,
HENRY L. PALMER, JAMES BONNELL,
LESTER PENTON, DANIEL NEWHALL,
SAMUEL MARSHALL, HENRY A. NICHOLS,
MITCHELL SIEVER, M. S. SCOTT,
GEO. BINNER, C. D. NASH,
A. H. SCOVILLE, ALEX. GRAHAM,
J. D. BOUGHAM, S. C. HIGBY,
J. ALLEN BARBER, JOHN HACKETT,
J. G. JOHNSTON, JOHN H. ROBERTSON
J. G. FLINT, BENJ. F. FLINT,
J. H. BARNEY, JAMES NEIL,
EZRA MILLER, S. C. SPALDING,
JOHN G. HEINRICHS. MASON L. DARLING,
CHAS. F. ILSLEY, DANIEL B. WHITAKER,
O. ALEXANDER, A. D. WILLMANNS,

S. S. DAGGETT, President.
DR. E. B. WOLCOTT, Vice Pres't.

A. W. KELLOGG, Secretary.
C. D. NASH, Treasurer.
O. P. WOLCOTT,
J. G. FLINT,
D. T. BROWN,
E. B. WOLCOTT, Consulting Physician. } Examining Physicians.

ap21l765d1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE AGENCY

OF

OGDEN & WALL,

S. W. Cor. of Michigan & East Water Sts.

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus $437,000

MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY,
Springfield, Mass.
Cash Capital and Surplus $235,000

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Hartford, Conn.
Cash Capital and Surplus $218,000

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash Capital and Surplus 241,000

The above named very reliable Companies

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, February 25th, 1860.

Money Matters.

There has been no change whatever in the money market during the past week. There is very little money stirring, and apparently very little to stir. Good business paper goes freely enough at the banks, but the amount of that description offering at present is comparatively trifling. We cannot say that there is any perceptible improvement in general business. We are, however, approaching the end of one of the dullest winters that has ever been experienced in the West, and there is every prospect that the opening of spring will inaugurate a better state of things. Our wholesale merchants have strong confidence that the spring trade will be much better than last year, and are making preparations to replenish their stocks on a large scale. Exchange still holds out at 2 per cent. premium, but is more plenty, and parties needing it occasionally find opportunities to supply themselves on the street at ¼@⅜ below the bank rates.

MONEY MATTERS AND BUSINESS ELSEWHERE are in no better condition than here. We take the following from the Chicago *Press & Tribune* of this morning:

The demand for exchange is rather more active and of course outside rates are firmer. The banks supply customers freely, yet at current rates, viz, 2 per cent. for currency. Gold @2@2¼ with no demand.

Business is excessively dull. Very little acceptable paper finds its way to the banks, and prospects for a supply are by no means flattering. A large amount of capital lies perfectly useless in the banks. Patience must be exercised till the spring breezes give activity to the currents of trade.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of yesterday says:

The scarcity of bankable funds was such to-day, that assorted funds were paid out over the counter. Current money (Illinois and Wisconsin) is also very scarce at ½ per cent discount below interior Missouri, although Eastern Exchange could not be had for it under 2 per cent premium. The Exchange market is firm, with no supplies at all, at ½ prem. on the East and South for bankable funds. Buying rates are 1½@1¾ prem.

There is but little doing at the Banks; offerings are light, and money quiet.

Oscar & Co. sold the following bank stock at auction:

10 shares Exchange Bank.....$100 00 ₱ share
20 shares Southern Bank..... 95 50 "

Prospects for an active spring trade are thought to be favorable, and merchants from the country are numerous in the street to-day, though collections from the country are yet quite small.

Commercial.

SATURDAY, February 25th.

The following table exhibits the daily receipts of flour and grain by Railroad for the week ending to-day, and also the receipts for the corresponding week in 1859:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Monday	295	5,476	1,179	46	517	....
Tuesday	362	9,452	267	201	220	....
Wednesday	564	7,201	720	95	....	....
Thursday	590	8,208	95	356	589	....
Friday	....	5,290	....	....	....	....
Saturday	579	6,315	1,295	1,594	....	551
Total	2,261	42,259	3,556	2,278	2,360	....
In 1859	2,358	39,208	2,017	6,273	3,588	929

The weekly receipts of flour and grain since January 1st will be found in the annexed table:

Weekly Receipts of Flour and Grain.

Week.	Flour.	Wheat.	Oats.	Corn.	Barley.	Rye.
1st...	3173	40442	1691	2140	1099	193
2d...	2297	41589	1477	2020	1230	60
3d...	3154	54502	6290	5297	4570	55
4th...	2967	35435	7649	5537	3693	145
5th...	4135	29747	8054	4841	851	759
6th...	2093	44934	5564	4837	2116	518
7th...	2794	38455	5618	4657	2116	518
8th...	2261	42259	3556	2278	2360	....
Total...	22963	327762	41101	32560	20227	2489
In 1859	20452	278454	20454	33049	22578	2906

The following statement exhibits the total weekly receipts of grain—including flour reduced to bushels—thus far this year, as compared with the receipts of 1859:

Comparative Weekly Receipts of Grain in 1859 and 1860.

Week ending	1859.	1860.
January 7	bus	52,753
" 14	bus	66,061
" 21	bus	93,017
" 28	bus	73,917
February 4	bus	72,977
" 11	bus	74,852
" 18	bus	65,978
" 25	bus	70,426
	bus	62,023
Total		630,648

The annexed statement of the weekly receipts of Wheat by Rail Road—including Flour reduced to bushels—from Sept. 1st, 1858 and 1859, exhibits the comparative movement of the two last Wheat crops:

COMPARATIVE MOVEMENT OF THE WHEAT CROPS OF 1858, '59.

	Crop of 1858.	Crop of 1859.
Week ending Sept. 4	1,000,381	152,572
do do 11	775,611	225,588
do do 18	206,329	342,000
do do 25	270,224	305,513
do do Oct. 2	222,017	347,219
do do 9	130,686	334,541
do do 16	116,329	313,225
do do 23	110,629	295,006
do do 30	104,647	309,265
do do April 2	89,229	305,936
do do 9	27,954	276,924
do do 16	23,367	197,275
do do 23	22,190	78,500
do do 30	20,190	39,298
do do May 7	36,546	58,500
do do 14	58,529	89,298
do do 21	103,742	78,500
do do 28	78,500	19,241
do do June 4	19,241	22,407
do do 11	22,407	19,275
do do 18	19,275	39,057
do do 25	39,057	39,298
do do July 2	39,298	12,230
do do 9	12,230	32,589
do do 16	32,589	17,048
do do 23	17,048	7,245
do do 30	7,245	11,621
do do Aug. 6	11,621	12,466
do do 13	12,466	9,846
do do 20	9,846	51,759
do do 27	51,759	
Total		3,820,961

CHICAGO, FEB. 24TH.—Receipts, 966 bbls flour; 6,720 bushels wheat; 10,475 bush corn; 4,155 bush oats; 436 bus rye; 1,915 bush barley.

The flour market was considerably firmer to-day, with a good inquiry for New Orleans, but there was no material advance. About 1,600 bbls changed hands at $4 90@5 00 for choice brands of spring extra, and $4 75@4 80 for fair to good do. Winter extra—a strange speculative feeling to-day, and 400 bbls of a city brand were sold at $4 75. Wheat was also in better demand, and the market advanced 1c, with sales of No. 1 spring at $1 01 in store; No. 2 at 95@95½c; rejected at 90c—The Corn market under the influence of depressing news from St. Louis, was dull and declined 1½c, closing quiet at 42@42½c for No. 1 in store. About 10,000 bus only, changed hands, and 42½c offer for No. 1 to arrive; 41@41½ for No. 2 in store; and 41½c for rejected on track. Oats were very dull and 1c lower, with but limited transactions at 34½@35c for No. 1 on track. Rye steady. Barley in good demand for shipment to Pittsburgh, with a firmer market—sales of No 1 being made at 62c in store, and 63@66c on track.—Clover Seed was in better request, and the market showed a slight improvement, liberal sales of fine having taken place at $4 35@4 50. Good Timothy Seed was in fair demand at $2 75@2 80, but inferior, of which there is a large quantity offering, is dull and heavy. Hungarian Grass is quiet at $1 75@2 00 for prime to fair.—Hides unsettled and dull at 10½@20c. Alcohol, 41c.

The Provision market is inactive, but holders are still firm, and there is very little producer offering. We report sales of 200 bbls mess pork at $16 75, and 75 bbls prime at $12 00 ₱ bbl. Lard is scarce and in demand at 10½c. Tallow firm at 10@10½c. Hides steady. Butter very dull.

Weekly Review of Milwaukee Markets.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY SENTINEL, }
SATURDAY EVENING, 25th—4 P. M. }

The market for produce has maintained quite a buoyant tone during the past week, and some descriptions have advanced slightly. Wheat and flour especially were firm, the former closing at an improvement of 1@2c and the latter 5@10c upon the prices ruling last Saturday.

Coarse grains of all kinds, with the exception of Barley, have been dull, and some descriptions are scarcely quotable. There have been no transactions of any account in Oats, and holders are not apparently anxious to sell. Shelled Corn has sold to some extent at 48@49c, closing at the latter figure. With light receipts and the stimulus of a brisk demand, Barley has gone up 4@5c, quoted firm to-day at 63@65c for No. 1 and 58@60c for Extra. Rye is entirely nominal at 70@75c. Timothy seed has advanced about 10c; the range to-day being $2,50@2,75 for fair to prime.

Dressed hogs, though not quite so firm yesterday and to-day as at the close of last week, still rule high.—Light, inferior hogs, have in some instances sold at reduced prices, but the market has been maintained at the highest point for nice clear fat hogs, averages of 200 to 250 pounds and upwards bringing $5,50@5,90 per cwt.

Provisions remain firm at the quotations given in our Prices Current. No sales, except in a retail way, have occurred during the week. The stock of pork held here is not far from 14,000 barrels, mostly in the hands of packers.

Since the date of our last review, the *Europa* arrived with advices from Liverpool to the 11th inst., the substance of which was firm markets for breadstuffs and a slight improvement in all qualities. This news, we need not say had a good effect on the markets here, as may be inferred from the advanced prices noted elsewhere. Annexed are the principal transactions of the week in the produce market, and what quotations are not given here will be found under the head of our "Wholesale Prices Current." The quotations of Dry Goods, Groceries, Fruit, Hardware, etc., will be found very complete, and may be relied upon as strictly correct.

FLOUR—Receipts for the week 2,261 barrels. Sales: *Monday*, 90 "Harland" W. W. at $5,00; *Tuesday*, 50 bbls mixed brands at $4,50; 100 bbls "Danville" Extra at $4,65; *Thursday*, 100 bbls "Fulton" do at $4,60; 200 bbls "Merchants' Mills" do at $4,65; *Friday*, 100 bbls mixed country Extra at $4,60. On *Saturday* there was a sale of 400 bbls superfine at $3,75.

WHEAT—Receipts for the week 42,259 bushels.—Sales: *Monday*: 175 bus No. 2 in store at 97¾c; 2,000 bus No. 1 on track at 99c; 350 bus do at 98¾c; 360 bus Club delivered at $1,02; 500 bus Extra at $1,02; 100 bus Red Winter at $1,06. *Tuesday*: 1,400 bus No. 1 on track at 99c; 675 bus do at $1,01 delivered; 960 bus Club at $1,02 delivered; 555 bus do at $1,03; 1,650 bus Extra at $1,08; 900 bus do at $1,08¾.—*Wednesday*: 250 bus No. 2 on track at 97½c; 350 bus No. 1 do at 99c; 1,167 bus do delivered in bags at $1; 650 bus Club delivered at $1,01; 100 bus do at $1,02; 550 bus Extra at $1,04¾; 175 bus do at $1,04—all delivered. *Thursday*: 700 bus No. 2 Spring on the track at 97¾c; 4,800 bus No. 1 in lots on the track and in store at 99c; 700 bus Club in store at $1,01; 300 bus do delivered at $1,02; 350 bus do at $1,03; 1,250 bus Extra delivered at $1,04; 160 bus White Winter, choice, at $1,16 delivered. *Friday*: 700 bus No. 2 Spring on the track at 98¾c; 850 bus No. 1 on track at 99¾c; 3,150 bus do at $1; 200 bus Club delivered at $1,04; 350 bus Extra at $1,05 delivered; 850 bus Red Winter at $1,03; 350 bus mixed Winter at $1,05. *Saturday*: To-day the market was buoyant and an advance of 1c obtained on Extra. A like advance was asked for No. 1, but buyer's would not go outside of $1,00 for that grade, and some were not anxious to purchase largely at this figure. Sales include some 2000 bus. No. 1 on the track at $1,00; 1050 bus. No. 2 do. at 98½c.; 700 bus. extra delivered at $1,06.

OATS—Receipts for the week 3,626 bushels. Sales 400 bus delivered at 32c; 100 bus do at 33c. Saturday, 100 bushels at 33c., delivered.

CORN—Receipts for the week 2 578 bushels. Sales 200 bus Ear at 44c; 100 bus Shelled at 50c; 300 bus do at 49c; 200 bus do at 49c; 300 bus do at 48c; 350 bus do on Friday at 49c—all delivered. Saturday, 100 bus. do., at 50c, delivered.

BARLEY—Receipts for the week 2,360 bushels. Sales 100 bus No. 1 at 63c per 50 lbs; 300 bus do (48 lbs) at 60c; 150 bus do (48 lbs) at 62½c; 250 bus do (50 lbs) at 61c; 143 bus Extra at 65c; Friday, 250 bus No. 1 (48 lbs) at 61c; 500 bus do (50 lbs) at 64c; 200 bus Extra at 70c. Saturday, 50 bus., scarcely No. 1, at 60c.; 125 bus. Extra, at 65c.

RYE—Quoted at 70@75c, entirely nominal.

GRASS SEED—Receipts for the week 351 bushels.—We quote Timothy seed at $2,50@2,75 for fair to prime.

HIDES—Receipts by Railroad for the week 691. The market has been steady at the following quotations: Green frozen 6½@7c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 13@14c.

DRESSED HOGS—Receipts by Railroad for the week 225 head. Sales:

Monday:—
16 hogs averaging 150 lbs at $6,25
2 " " 230 " 6,75

Tuesday:—
16 hogs averaging 140 lbs at $6,35
6 " " 200 " 6,60
5 " " 200 " 6,75

Wednesday:—
5 hogs averaging 150 lbs at $6,37
8 " " 220 " 6,75
11 " " 225 " 6,75
2 " " 240 " 6,80
11 " " 275 " 7,00
2 " " 250 " 7,00

Thursday:—
24 hogs averaging 154 lbs at $6,37
8 " " 200 " 6,75
11 " " 210 " 6,80
3 " " 190 " 6,50

Friday:—
24 hogs averaging 230 lbs at $6,80

LIVE STOCK—The receipts of beef cattle have been very moderate. The butchers paid $3,00@3,50 for good to prime cattle, and took about all such that arrived, packers offering only $2,50@3,00 for the same qualities. There have been few or no live hogs in.

POTATOES—None selling except in a retail way about the streets at a range of 35@50c, as to quality.

BUTTER—Receipts by Railroad for the week are 9,706 lbs. We quote butter dull at 9@18c for ordinary to prime. Sales to-day of about 3,000 lbs firkin at 9½@10½c.

EGGS—Dull at 8@11c by the barrel.

SPIRITS—Highwines 21c; Whisky 17@20c.

RYE FLOUR—Dull at $3,37@4.

POULTRY—Dressed Chickens 8@10c; Turkeys, dressed, 9@11c.

HAY—Timothy, loose, $12@14 per ton; Prairie, do., $9@10 per ton.

WOOD—Mixed, $2,25@2,50; Hard $2,87@3,00 per cord.

Total receipts by Railroad for the week ending February to-day:

Flour, bbls	2,261	Hides, No	691
Wheat, bus	42,259	Dressed hogs, No	225
Oats, bus	3,556	Butter, lbs	9,706
Corn, bus	2,278	Hay, lbs	3,995
Barley, bus	2,360	Feed, lbs	20,940
Grass seed, bus	351	Hay, lbs	10,000
Potatoes, bus	31	Sundries, lbs	30,354
Highwines, bbls	191	Poultry, lbs	700
Beef, bbls	64	Pig iron, tons	100
Pork, bbls	5	Iron Ore, bbls	144
Molasses, bbls	4	Cattle, head	23
Sugar, bbls	134	Eggs, bbls	8
Sugar, hhds	119	Wood, cords	78
Tea, chests	19	Ashes, casks	4
Cranberries, bxs	5	Potash, casks	5
Willow bdls	25	Horses, no	6

The above receipts were distributed amongst the different Railroads as follows:

Receipts by Mil. & Mississippi Railroad for week ending February 25:

Flour, bbls	750	Hides, No	93
Wheat, bus	16,018	Dressed hogs, No	33
Oats, bus	1,149	Butter, lbs	7,035
Corn, bus	454	Mill Feed, lbs	20,940
Barley, bus	372	Rags, lbs	450
Grass Seed	82	Sundries, lbs	29,992
Potatoes, bus	21	Poultry, lbs	325
Beef, bbls	15	Highwines, bbls	36
Pork, bbls	10	Eggs, bbls	1
Tallow bbls	1		

Receipts by Mil. & Minnesota Railroad for week ending February 25:

Flour, bbls	1,246	Dressed hogs, No	64
Wheat, bus	13,720	Hides, No	362
Oats, bus	1,132	Cattle, head	23
Barley, bus	750	Pig Iron, tons	100
Corn, bus	280	Iron Ore, bbls	144
Rye, bus	60	Highwines, bbls	4
Sundries, lbs	50,923	Potash, casks	5

Receipts by M. Wat. & B. V. R. R. for week ending Feb. 25:

Flour, bbls	191	Hides, No	135
Wheat, bus	6,474	Butter, lbs	1,061
Barley, bus	284	Eggs, bbls	7
Oats, bus	75	Sundries, lbs	2,997

Receipts by Mil. & Horicon Railroad for week ending February 25:

Flour, bbls	74	Poultry, lbs	325
Wheat, bus	105	Butter, lbs	1,460
Molasses, bbls	4	Hay, lbs	10,000
Sugar, bbls	154	Rags lbs	8,359
do hhds	119	Wool, lbs	11
Wheat, bus	2,036	Tea, chests	19
Barley, bus	255	Dressed hogs, No	20
Oats, bus	1,050	Horses, No	5
Corn, bus	1,380	Cranberries, bxs	6
Grass Seed	236		

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 25—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Demand scarcely so active but prices unchanged; sales, 10,000 bbls, 12,000 do hour, 11,000 whiskey, 27 do beef tongues, 4 kegs lard, 195 R. H. chairs, 120 bags T seed, 35 do wheat; 100 do corn, 169 bdls hides, 45 do calf skins, 42 bales rags, 9 do furs, 3 tons sundries, 32 kegs butter

OCEAN STEAMERS TO ARRIVE:

Steamer's names.	Date of departure.	Port of departure.	Port of arrival.
JURA	Feb. 11	Liverpool	New York
ANGLO-SAXON	Feb. 18	Liverpool	Portland
AFRICA	Feb. 18	Liverpool	New York
AMERICA	Feb. 25	Liverpool	Boston
AUSTRALASIAN	Feb. 25	Liverpool	New York
CIRCASSIAN	Mch. 3	Galway	New York

TO SAIL.

BOHEMIA	Feb. 25	Portland	Liverpool
KANGAROO	Feb. 25	New York	Liverpool
ARABIA	Feb. 29	Boston	Liverpool
SAXONIA	Mh. 1	New York	Hamburg
PRINCE ALBERT	Mch. 1	New York	Galway
GLASGOW	Mh. 3	New York	Liverpool
ARAGO	Mh. 6	New York	Havre
EUROPA	Mh. 7	Boston	Liverpool
ASIA	Mh. 7	New York	Liverpool
EDINBURGH	Mh. 10	New York	Liverpool
ANGLO SAXON	Mh. 10	Portland	Liverpool
AFRICA	Mh. 14	New York	Liverpool
ARABIA	Mh. 21	Liverpool	Boston
AUSTRALASIAN	Mh. 31	New York	Liverpool

WILLOW WARE & BIRD CAGES.

BLAIR & PERSONS HAVE JUST RECEIVED at No. 156 East Water Street, a large assortment of Willow Ware, consisting of Traveling, School, Market and Clothes Baskets, Nursleries, Waggon, Chair, &c.; also a great variety of BIRD CAGES which we will sell at wholesale or retail at low figures

RAISINS—M. R. AND LAYER, IN whole, half and quarter boxes, for sale by
feb18 EDWARD THUSLOW, 131 East Wateg st.

Milwaukee Wholesale Prices Current

ASHES
Pots.....
Pearls.....
Black Salts.....

BAGS.
Hanover.....22@24c
Webster B bags.....20
Stark Mills, "".....20
" BB.....18@20
Cabots.....22c

BLOCK TIN.
Large Pigs.....32c
Small " .....

COPPER.
Thinn'd Island 16 oz.....
Copper Bottoms.....

CANDLES.
Mould.....11½@12c
Sperm.....16@18c
Star.....
Opal.....17@20c
Sperm.....
Pure Sperm.....18@20c

COAL.
Retail Yard Rates.
Pittsburg, ₱ ton.....6,00
Blossburg.....6,00
Chippewa.....5,00
Erie.....5,00
Briar Hill.....5,00
Scranton Anth't.....6,00
Lackawana "".....6,00
Lehigh "".....7,00@7,50
Schuylkill, egg.....7,00

COFFEE.
St. Domingo.....12@12½c
Laguayra.....12@12½c
Maracaibo.....13@13½c
Rio.....12@16c
Java.....
Mocha.....18@20c

COOPERAGE.
Flour barrels.....
Whiskey " .....
Pork " .....
Lard bbl.....
Liquor Kegs.....

CORDAGE.
Flax & Jute, ₱ lb.....
Tarred.....
Manilla.....
Russia.....

DRY GOODS.
Brown Sheetings.
Atlantic (A).....9
do (C).....8½
Agawam (C).....8½
Atlantic, Fine.....9½
Boston, Improved.....7½
Brunswick.....8½
Carroll, Heavy.....9
Duck, do 9½
Ewing, White.....9½
Houstatic.....
New York, (A).....8½
Norumbega, (B).....7½
Benium.....
Pomfret, Light.....6½
West Boylston.....
Western, Light.....

Brown Sheetings.
Amoskeag.....17
Berlin.....
Beverly.....11
D. D.....
Haymakers.....13
Manchester.....12½
Boston.....12½
Jenett City.....10½
Oxford.....10½
Bristol.....10½
Berseley.....8½

Bleached Sheetings.
Gibbs.....6½
Washington.....
Derby, 36 in.....8½
Socia, (A).....9½
Harris, (A).....11½
do (A).....
Sowans.....11
Peunix, 36 in.....
Palmer River.....11½
Wauregan.....11½

Ticks.
American.....10
Allens.....9½@10
Albion.....10
Cocheco.....10
Dunnells.....10
Duchess, (B).....9½
do (G).....8½
Eagle.....9½
Hamond.....11@12
Harrisop.....9½
Pacific.....10
Swift River.....10

Cotton Stripes.
Amoskeag.....14
Conestoga.....12
Shetucket.....9
Falls, Improved.....8½
Manchester.....9
Granite State.....
Milford.....11
Pelham Grove.....12
A. A.....

Cotton Drillings.
Sheeting, Brown.....11
Burlington.....11½
Hamilton.....
Rockland.....10½
Para 10.....10
Oxanoke.....

Ticks.
Amoskeag, (A).....10
do (B).....9
do (C).....12½
Uncasville.....12½
Pabanau.....
Phœnixville.....10

Cotton Flannels.
Agawam, Brown.....10
Colcins do 10
Charter Oaks.....8
Canoe River Gorham.....9½
do do Bleached.....9½

DRUGS, &c.
Acid, Tartar, ₱ lb.....70c
Alum.....4c@5c
Arrow, rot'd.....
Brimstone, roll.....
do flour.....
Copperas.....2½@3c
Camphor, refined.....
Cream Tartar, pure.....
Copperas.....2½@3c
do Hunt's.....
Epsom Salts, ₱ lb.....
Glauber " .....2½@3c
Liquorice Ex't, St.....
" Pipe.....
" Roll.....12@14c
Magnesia carb.....
" calcined.....
Super carb do.....6½@7c
Sal Soda.....2½@3c
Saltpetre, ref'd.....
Seeds, Canary.....
" Hemp.....
Wrap'g-paper, large, ₱ ream.....1,12½
" Medium.....

DYE STUFFS.
Annatto, ₱ lb.....
Blue Vitriol.....
Camwood, ground.....
Cochineal.....
Cudbear.....
Extract Logwood.....
Fustic.....
Indigo, Manilla.....
Madder.....
Umbre.....

FISH.
Whitefish, ₱ bbl.....
Trout, bbl.....
Dry Cod, cwt.....
Mackerel, large, bbl.....
" No. 1.....
" No. 2.....
" No. 3.....
Herring, Pike, bbl.....
" Scaled.....
" Scaled, box.....
" No. 1.....

FEATHERS.
Live Geese ₱ lb.....

FRUIT.
Apples ₱ bbl.....
Dried Apples ₱ lb.....
Currants, ₱ lb.....
Citron.....
Dates, ₱ lb.....
Dates ₱ box.....
Lemons ₱ box.....
Oranges ₱ box.....
Peaches, quarter'd.....
" unpar'd.....
Prunes, new.....
Raisins, Muscatel, ₱ box.....
" M. R.....
" Layer.....
do Valencia.....
Figs, ₱ lb.....

FLOUR.
Country, superfine, ₱ bbl.....
Country, ex. spring.....
Country, winter.....
City Mills, extra.....
do superfine.....
Rye Flour.....
Corn Meal, ₱ cwt.....

GRAIN.
Wheat, Extra.....
do No. 1 spring.....
do Club.....
do Milwaukee.....
Corn, shelled ₱ 56 lb.....
do in ear.....
Oats ₱ 32 lb.....
Rye ₱ 56 lb.....
Barley ₱ 48 lb.....
Beans ₱ bu.....

HAY.
Prairie, loose ₱ ton.....
" pressed.....
Timothy, loose.....
" pressed.....

HIDES.
Green.....
Green, salted.....
Dry, do.....
Dry Flint.....
Sheep Skins.....
Feburary Pelts.....

HOPS.
Wisconsin Bales.....
Eastern.....

IRON.
American bar ₱ lb.....
do rolled.....
Swedes, bar.....
Pig, Am., ₱ ton.....
Scotch.....
Sheet Iron.....
Wire.....
Nail Rods.....
Band Iron.....

LEATHER.
Sole, Spanish.....
Oak, Slaughter.....
Harness.....
Bridle.....
French Calf.....
French Kip.....

LIME.
Com. stone, ₱ bbl.....
Water.....

LIVE STOCK.
Beeves, ₱ cwt.....
Hogs, ₱ cwt.....

Sheep, ₱ head.....

LUMBER.
Clear Pine, ₱ M.....
do Boards.....
Second Pine.....
do Boards.....
Third " .....
Clear Siding.....
Second do .....
Common do .....
Clear dres'd Flooring.....
Second do .....
Common Flooring.....
Common Boards.....
Joist and Scantling.....
Fence Boards.....
Lath, ₱ M.....
Ward'l. Shingles.....
Black Walnut and
Cherry.....
Plank, Oak, Ash,
Maple.....
Tongues, Ash, each.....
Axletrees, Maple, each
Spokes, ₱ M.....
Hubs, ₱ each.....
Pickets.....
Posts, Cedar, split,
10 f.....

MOLASSES.
Muscovado.....
Trinidad.....
Sugar House.....
Boich'a and Cuba syrup
Syrup, Golden.....
Syrup, Grocers'.....
Common Molasses.....

NAILS.
Cut, ₱ cwt.....
Clinch.....
Wrought.....

NAVAL STORES.
Rosin, ₱ bbl.....
Pitch.....
Tar.....

NUTS.
Almonds, Ivica, ₱ lb.....
do paper shell.....
Brazils.....
Filberts, ₱ lb.....
Pecan Nuts, ₱ lb.....
Walnuts, Sicily.....
Walnuts.....
Naples.....

OILS.
Castor, E. I. pure, ₱ gal.....
Lard, extra Winter.....
Lard, No. 1 Spermaceti.....
Linseed, pure in casks.....
" " in bbls.....
" boiled in casks.....
" " boiled in bbls.....
Machine, No. 1.....
Extra.....
Neatsfoot.....
Olive.....
Rosin, No. 1 Pressed.....
Rosin, No. 2 Strained.....
Tannour, No. 1.....
extra.....
Whale-strained Winter.....

PAINTS, &c.
Chrome Green, dry, No. 1.....
" " No. 2.....
" " No. 3.....
" Yellow, dry No. 1.....
" " No. 2.....
Chalk, white.....
Red.....
Glue, Furniture, No. 1.....
" " 2.....
" " 3.....
" " 4.....
Ochres.....
Lamp-Black, best kind.....
Ochre, Yellow, Am.....
" French.....
Paris Green, Dry, G.....
" " in oil.....
Putty, in bladders.....
" bulk, in kegs.....
Red Lead, Dry.....
" Ground in Oil.....
Turpentine, ₱ gal.....
Venetian Red, Eng.....
Verditer, Brown.....
Vermilion, English.....
Vermilion, Am., No. 1.....
" " No. 2.....
Whiting, Spanish.....
White Lead, pure in
oil, No. 1.....
" pure dry.....
" No. 1 do.....
Zinc.....
Zinc, No. 1, in oil.....
" No. 2 do.....
" in varnish.....
Zinc, French.....

PLASTER
Land, ₱ bbl.....
Stucco, Gilt.....
do New York.....
do Keene's.....
Cement, Rosend'e.....

PROVISIONS.
Beef, inct. ₱ bbl.....
Cast, country.....
" square and Co.
tagon.....
" German.....
Steel Springs.....

TIN PLATE.
IC Charcoal.....
IX " .....
IXX " .....
IXXX " .....
IC Coke.....
Roofing IC Charcoal.....
" IC Coke.....

TEA.
Young Hyson.....
Black Colong.....
Gunpowder.....
Imperial.....

TOBACCO.
Pure Fine Leaf, lbs.....
Common.....
Virginia, fine.....
" and
do.....
Fine Honey Dew plug.....
" "
Extra ₱ lb plug in
gross.....
Cut Smoking.....
Fine and Chewing
do.....
do papers ₱ gross
do foil.....

VARNISHES.
Coach Body.....
Furniture, No. 1.....
do No. 2.....
do No. 3.....
Damar, white.....
" brown.....
Japan.....
Black Leather.....

VEGETABLES.
Cabbage, ₱ 100.....
Onions ₱ bush.....
Potatoes.....

WOOD.
By the Cargo.
Oak.....

WOODEN WARE.
Brooms.....
Half Bush ₱ doz.....
Pails, ₱ doz.....
Tubs, ₱ doz.....
Washboards.....
Sap Buckets.....

ZINC.
Sheet 30 to 36 in.....

SHOT.
Chilled.....
Drop.....

SPICES.
Cassia, ₱ lb.....
Cloves, ground.....
Ginger, ground.....
Mace.....
Mustard, in cans.....
" French.....
Nutmegs.....
Pepper, black.....
" ground.....
Pepper Sauce ₱ doz.....

SPICE.
American Spring.....
English.....
American Flow.....
Cast, square